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FOURTEEN PAGES — ONE RIYAL



UGANDAN VISITOR: Crown Prince Fahd receiving Ugandan President Idi Amin who arrived Monday on a visit to the Kingdom.

## President Amin starts visit

JEDDAH, Jan. 15 (SPA). — President Idi Amin of Uganda arrived here Monday on an official visit to the country.

He was received at the airport by Crown Prince Fahd, and a number of senior officials led by Prince Salman, governor

nor of Riyadh and Dr. Ghazi Al-Qusaibi minister of industry and electricity. President Amin and Prince Fahd inspected a guard of honor before the crown prince introduced him to a number of princes, ministers, and senior officials.

Prince Fahd accompanied his guest to the Nassiriya guest palace, and later hosted a dinner for President Amin attended by senior officials.

Later in the evening, Prince Fahd and President Amin started official talks.

### Joint action

## PNC meeting opens in Syria

DAMASCUS, Jan. 15 (Agencies). — More than 200 representatives of the Palestine Liberation Organization opened a long-delayed parliamentary session here Monday that will try to achieve a unified stand on how to confront a separate peace between Egypt and Israel.

Syrian President Hafez Assad welcomed delegates to the Palestine National Council (PNC), the PLO's parliament-in-exile, with a pledge of Syria's continued support of the resistance movement and a warning against being misled by the current Egyptian-Israeli stalemate over the Palestinian issue.

"The head of the Egyptian regime is trying to fool Arab public opinion into thinking

that the delay in signing (a treaty) is caused by the linkage of a separate peace to the self-rule project," said Assad, who was heartily applauded by the PLO audience gathered in the trade union headquarters here.

The Syrian leader said the self-rule plan for the occupied territories is "a purely Zionist project aimed at realizing Zionist dreams."

The council meeting is expected to see sharp differences between PLO moderates and radicals on how to react if a treaty is signed and self-rule elections are called in the occupied areas. The more radical commando leaders suspect PLO chairman Yasser Arafat wants his supporters to take part in elections in the West Bank of

the Jordan River and Gaza Strip in order to gain at least some foothold in former Palestine.

The radicals, supported by Syria and Iraq, reject any participation in the Israeli-sponsored autonomy plan on grounds that it falls far short of their hopes for an independent Palestinian state.

Arafat and most leaders of the eight major resistance groups were sighted at the opening session. The 49-year-old PLO chief did not deliver a speech but shouted joyously as he embraced the Syrian president: "We shall walk hand in hand to liberate Jerusalem."

An estimated 60 council members from the occupied territories did not attend. A PLO spokesman said Israeli authorities prevented them from coming.

The 293-man PNC, the highest policy-making body in the movement, has traditionally met once a year in Cairo. It did not meet last year, ostensibly because of the crisis caused by the Israeli invasion of South Lebanon in March.

This session, expected to last about a week, has been billed as a unity conference but observers expected a moderate-radical power struggle for the top posts.

Arafat, who has chaired the PLO for 10 years, is expected to retain leadership and gain more seats on the ruling executive committee for his Fateh group. But a "rejectionist" bloc, headed by Dr. George Habash's Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, is also expected to retake seats it gave up more than four years ago.

**Syrian-Iraqi Talks**  
As the PNC opened its meeting Syrian and Iraqi foreign ministers and defense chiefs discussed far-reaching unity

(Continued on back page)

## December oil exports 10m b/d

RIYADH, Jan. 15 (SPA). — Saudi oil exports rose from 9.6 million barrels per day in November to 10 million barrels a day in December, Deputy Oil Minister Abdul Aziz Al-Turki said Monday.

Aramco exports averaged 9,735,974 b/d while the Arabian Oil Company average was 236,343 barrels. Getty Oil Company exported an average of 58,939 b/d.

## Fahd watches F-15 flight

RIYADH, Jan. 15 (Agencies). — Crown Prince Fahd Monday watched a demonstration by a squadron of sophisticated United States F-15 fighters, the Saudi Press Agency reported.

The demonstration was also attended by Defense and Aviation Minister Prince Sultan and a number of princes and officials.

The Saudi news agency report said the squadron's visit was within the scope of co-operation between the U.S. and Saudi air forces.

Saudi Arabia has bought 60 F-15s built by McDonnell-Douglas, the most advanced jet fighter in America's arsenal, at a cost of \$2.5 billion. Delivery of the planes will begin in 1982.

A State Department announcement last Wednesday said the visit would be "a demonstration of the continuing close relationship between Saudi Arabia and the United States and of our interest in the security of the Kingdom."

The State Department announcement said the F-15s would be in Saudi Arabia for a week, or a little longer, and that they would visit several Saudi air bases during this period.

The F-15s arrived in Saudi Arabia over the weekend after taking off from their base in the United States last week.

## Shah leaves Iran tomorrow

TEHRAN, Jan. 15 (Agencies). — The Shah of Iran will leave Wednesday morning for Cairo on his way to the United States for an extended holiday, aimed at saving the Iranian monarchy, authoritative court sources said here Monday night.

The Shah, accompanied by Empress Farah, will then fly to the United States to stay at his estate near Los Angeles, the sources said.

They may make some stops in Western Europe on their way to the U.S., but were expected to stay only a day in Egypt, the sources said.

Egyptian President Anwar Sadat is an old friend of the Shah.

In Cairo, official Egyptian sources said the Shah was expected to arrive in Agwan, southern Egypt, Tuesday for a meeting with President Sadat.

An official spokesman for Sadat said the meeting would take place but gave no time.

The spokesman said the meeting reflected the appreciation of Egyptian people towards the Shah in view of his attitudes towards the 1973 Arab-Israeli war and Egypt's peace initiative in the Middle East.

The Iranian court sources said the royal couple would be seen off with full military ceremonies.

The 59-year-old monarch is leaving the country to enable

## To stop in Egypt

the new civilian Prime Minister, Dr. Shahpour Bakhtiar, to defuse widespread hostility against him and achieve a political solution to the crisis which will save his position as constitutional monarch.

The sources said Empress Farah's mother, Mrs. Farideh Diba, left Monday morning in a military plane with the two youngest royal children, Prince Alireza and Princess Leila, and two senior palace officials.

They were believed to be on their way to the United States. The Shah's mother is already in the United States. She was forced to move from the family estate in Los Angeles by student demonstrators

two weeks ago and is now living in Palm Springs, California.

Nearly all other members of the royal family have also left the country during the past weeks of mounting anti-Shah fervor in Tehran and other cities.

Three statues of the Shah were pulled down by protesters in the southern city of Kerman Monday.

The planned duration of the Shah's trip has not been disclosed, but Western diplomats believe he will have to stay out of the country for a month or more to give Bakhtiar a chance of achieving a

political solution to the crisis which threatens Iran's 2,500-year-old monarchy.

During the Shah's absence, a nine-man regency council will take over his functions as head of state.

Bakhtiar is hoping to win over opponents of the Shah by liberal reforms and by convincing them the Shah will in future reign as a constitutional monarch, and not run the country single-handed as he has done for most of his 37 years on the throne.

Earlier, Gen. Qarabaghi, who will be in temporary control of the armed forces during the Shah's absence, issued

(Continued on back page)

## Begin says Israel cannot accept Egypt's proposals

TEL AVIV, Jan. 15 (Agencies). — Israel cannot accept Egypt's latest proposals for a Mideast peace treaty because they present "a threat" to the future of the Jewish state, Prime Minister Menachem Begin said Monday.

In a meeting with Canadian opposition leader Joe Clark in Jerusalem, Begin said, "Israel cannot accept the latest Egyptian proposals for a fundamental reason: Concern over the future of the state of Israel and the Israeli people."

Begin's remarks were released by the government press office.

Begin also said that peace talks may be resumed at the ministerial level after the visit of U.S. Middle East envoy Alfred Atherton, who is due there Tuesday.

"The visit isn't decisive, but we hope to get a few things out of the way," one informed source in Jerusalem said.

He said Atherton's mission will probably clear up differences regarding the Egyptian demand to review security arrangements in the Sinai Peninsula after the treaty is signed, but he did not think there would be a solution to the major obstacle blocking an agreement — the question of linking the Israeli-Egypt treaty with the Palestinian issue.

After talks in Israel, Atherton will go to Cairo on the weekend for meetings with President Anwar Sadat.

Meanwhile, there were reports of a split in the Israeli cabinet on how to proceed with negotiations. The Israeli press said Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan and Defense Minister Ezer Weizman advocated a show of flexibility by Israel, while Begin and other hardliners believed Israel should not change its position.

"If both sides stick to their

## Kingdom denies contacts with Communists

RIYADH, Jan. 15 — Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal Monday denied Saudi Arabia had made any contacts with the Soviet Union or China to establish diplomatic relations with the two Communist powers.

"At-Riyadh" newspaper quoted the foreign minister as saying recent foreign press reports on this matter "are totally untrue."

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During the week number  
From 8-2-1399 Hegra 6-1-1979 Gregorian  
To 14-2-1399 Hegra 12-1-1979 Gregorian

COMMODITY	FREIGHT TONS DISCHARGED
1. FOODSTUFFS	
Flour/Wheat	8,514
Maize	—
Rice	2,058
Sugar	9,117
Tea	67
Various Foodstuffs	43,162
Fruit	11,862
Poultry	6,006
Meat	1,017
Eggs	676
Sub-Total for Foodstuffs	82,479
2. CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS	
Cement	142,214
Steel	16,691
Timber	7,531
General Building Materials	57,721
Sub-Total for Construction Materials	224,157
3. VEHICLES	
Vehicles in number	333
Vehicles in Tons	5,818
4. LIVESTOCK	
Number of Head	97,525
5. OTHER GENERAL CARGO	82,271
TOTAL DISCHARGED:	
(A) 394,725 Tons Cargo	
(B) 333 Vehicles in Numbers	
(C) 97,525 Head of Livestock	

## PORTS AUTHORITY CARGO DISCHARGED IN KING ABDUL AZIZ PORT DAMMAM

During the week number  
From 8-2-1399 Hegra 6-1-1979 Gregorian  
To 14-2-1399 Hegra 12-1-1979 Gregorian

COMMODITY	FREIGHT TONS DISCHARGED
1. FOODSTUFFS	
Flour/Wheat	57
Maize	331
Barley	—
Rice	—
Sugar	8909
Tea	12954
Other Foods	—
Fruit	6883
Chicken	588
Meat	1005
Eggs	156
Sub-Total for Foodstuffs	30883
2. CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS	
Cement	43665
Steel	21840
Timber	11703
General Building Materials	9080
Sub-Total for Construction Materials	86288
3. VEHICLES	
Vehicles in Number	798
Vehicles in Tons	10806
4. LIVESTOCK	
Number of Head	12500
5. OTHER GENERAL CARGO	5283
TOTAL DISCHARGED:	
(A) 235 312 Tons Cargo	
(B) 798 Vehicles in Number	
(C) 12 500 Head of Livestock	

## Goodwill visit

## U.S. Navy destroyer puts in at Dammam

By Mary Jo McConahay  
DAMMAM, Jan. 15 — The USS Blandy, a 4,000-ton destroyer of the U.S. Navy Middle East Force, docked at Dammam Port Monday morning on a goodwill visit until Jan. 17.

Adm. S.H. Packer, commander of the force, was present on board the Blandy with the ship's captain, Commander T.J. Betzel. Adm. Packer described the arrival of the Blandy as a "routine operational exercise."

The Blandy is of a ship class called "the workhorse of the U.S. Navy". It is equipped for shore bombardment and carries anti-submarine devices. The ship is one of three making up the Middle East Force and carries a crew of 300 with 19 officers.

## Kreps due here for trade talks

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 (R) — U.S. Commerce Secretary Juanita Kreps will visit Saudi Arabia from Jan. 25 to 29 for talks on trade, the department said Monday.

Further details will be announced later.

The United States exported \$4.2 billion worth of goods to Saudi Arabia in 1978 against imports, chiefly oil, of \$5.08 billion.

Part of the U.S. European Military Command, the force does not have a permanent base but cruises a wide area including the Red Sea, the Indian Ocean and the Gulf.

"With that much real estate to cover, we don't get in here too often", Adm. Packer said in Dammam. Visits of U.S. ships to Jeddah are more frequent. Similar visits have been made by European and Mediterranean ships to Dammam in the past year.

After receiving American Consul-General Ralph Lindstrom on board, the naval officers proceeded to the office of Eastern Province Armed Forces Area Commander Gen. Ali Al-Bouri at Dhahran Airport and then to the Royal Saudi Naval Base at Dammam.

Part of the routine visit, Adm. Packer said, may consist of training, tactical or maneuver exercises with the Saudi navy.

Tuesday, at 2.30 p.m., a soccer match pitting a Saudi navy team against a Blandy side is scheduled at the Naval Base Training Center in Dammam. The match will be open to the public.

Wednesday, the ship will host Saudi sea cadets, boys of between 8 and 14 years of age, who will tour the destroyer before she leaves port.

## Local briefs

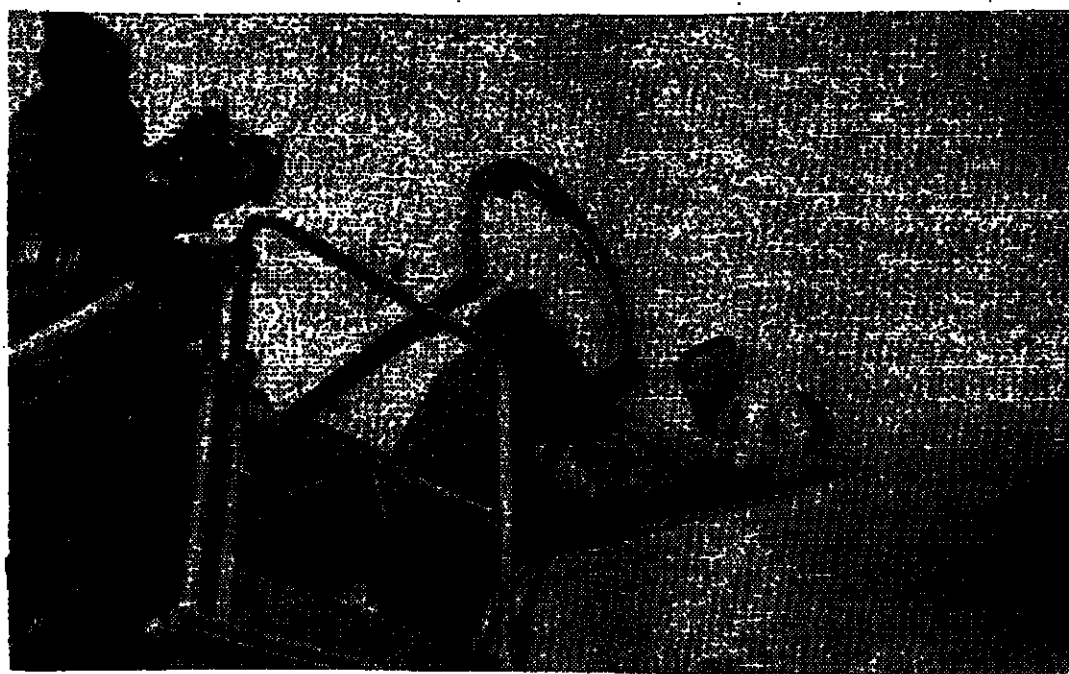
●JEDDAH, (R) — Singapore Senior Minister of State for Finance Tan Eng Liang arrived here Monday on a several-days visit. Liang, who is leading a delegation of civil servants and businessmen, will confer with officials from the Civil Aviation Department, Saudia and the chamber of commerce and industry.

●JEDDAH, — The Iraqi Minister of Interior Ezzat Ibrahim Al-Durri is expected to visit Saudi Arabia next month for talks with his Saudi colleague Prince Naif accord-

ing to "Al-Jazirah" Monday.

●RIYADH, (SPA) — An SR 11 million contract was signed here Monday with Thomson CSF of France for import and installation of television transmitters in Shaqraa, Dawadmi, Aff, Hofuf and Kharij within four months.

●RIYADH, (SPA) — Deputy Governor of Mecca Prince Saud bin Abdul Mohsin opened an SR 60 million confectionery factory here Monday. The Halwani factory can produce an average of 92 tons of sweets a day.



JETFIGHTER: Crown Prince Fahd Monday is shown the cockpit of an American F-15E strike aircraft at a demonstration by U.S. pilots at Riyadh Air Base Monday. The Kingdom will take delivery of 60 of the aircraft in 1982.

## Takeoffs, landings

## Saudia reports increase in efficiency

JEDDAH, Jan. 15 — Saudia last month reached its highest level of efficiency in takeoffs, and landings in the last three years, the airline said Monday. Takeoffs were accomplished within 15 minutes of schedule on 80 per cent of flights — an improvement on November — and landings within the same time on 75.7 per cent for the fifth month running. These were the best December per-

formance for the last three years.

Meanwhile, the number of weekly Saudia flights between Jeddah and Medina has risen from 44 last winter to 68 this year, the national carrier said.

In addition to the present 10 Lockheed Tristar services between Jeddah and Riyadh daily, four Boeing 747 flights

have been added on the Jeddah-Riyadh-Karachi route. A Boeing 707 flight has been added on the Jeddah-Khartoum route.

The airline said that Boeing 747 aircraft will begin to fly European routes, in addition to four non-stop Tristar weekly flights to Athens two each from Jeddah and Riyadh.

## Cost of cuppa catastrophic

JEDDAH, Jan. 15 — A single cup of tea in one government department costs exactly SR240 to make, according to a survey of costs, carried out by "Okaz" newspaper.

Six tea-boys, on wages of SR800 per month, provide one cup of tea each a day to 20 officials.

The survey did not take into account the cost of tea, sugar, boiling water, electricity, kitchen space, breakages and general wear and tear.

## Clinic found overcharging ordered to refund patient

JEDDAH, Jan. 15 — The Health Directorate General in the Western Province has ordered a private hospital here to refund a patient SR1,100 after the patient complained of exorbitant charges.

The bill for a one-night stay in the hospital came to SR 1,430 and the patient had the bill published in "Al-Medina".

SPA adds: Governor of Mecca will open next month

a SR63 million private hospital off Prince Fahd Street, west of the airport.

The Finance Ministry contributed SR13.3 million toward costs of the Baksh Hospital, which will be staffed with 28 specialists, 60 female and 15 male nurses.

A new dispensary will also be opened soon at Jeddah Airport to serve travelers and pilgrims, the Health Directorate said Monday.

## Inflation, manpower

## Nazer sees Bonn, Bahrain ministers

RIYADH, Jan. 15 (SPA) — Planning Minister Sheikh Hisham Nazer Monday held separate meetings with West German Minister of Economic Cooperation Rainer Offergeld and Bahraini Minister of Development and Industry Yusuf Shirawi.

Sheikh Hisham reviewed with the German minister the possibility of cooperation between the two governments in curbing inflation here and in tackling the shortage of skilled manpower.

The Saudi government has already used German experience in these fields. Karl Schiller, a former West German finance minister, prepared a report for the Ministry of Finance and National Economy in late 1976 with recommendations for curbing inflation — running at that time over 25 per cent annually.

The West German government also recruits trainers for the Kingdom's vocational training program under a long-standing agreement. Later Monday, Offergeld met Education Minister Dr. Abdul Aziz Al-Khateib and Deputy Minister Prince Khaled bin Fahd bin Khaled to discuss the program.

Dr. Muhammad Al-Mutabagani, director general of technical education at the ministry said that the German minister expressed his government's willingness to contribute further to the program which is of crucial importance to the future of Saudi industry and development.

Offergeld arrived here Monday morning on a short visit.

Coordination  
Sheikh Hisham discussed with the Bahraini minister coordination in the two countries development plans in the


light of studies now being carried out by the two ministries.

Shirawi, who was received on arrival Monday by Dr. Ghazi Alghosabi, minister of industry and electricity, said he would hold discussions with Dr. Alghosabi on coordination in various industries.

Dr. Alghosabi said the talks would cover assistance for the Gulf Organization for Industrial Consultancy set up two years ago and coordination on projects including an aluminum smelter and an electric lamp industry.

## Taxi probe set

JEDDAH, Jan. 15 — Interior Minister Prince Naif has appointed a committee to investigate the service provided by taxi-drivers, according to "Al-Medina" Monday. The committee is to examine how to fix fares in relation to distance. It will submit its report in a few weeks.



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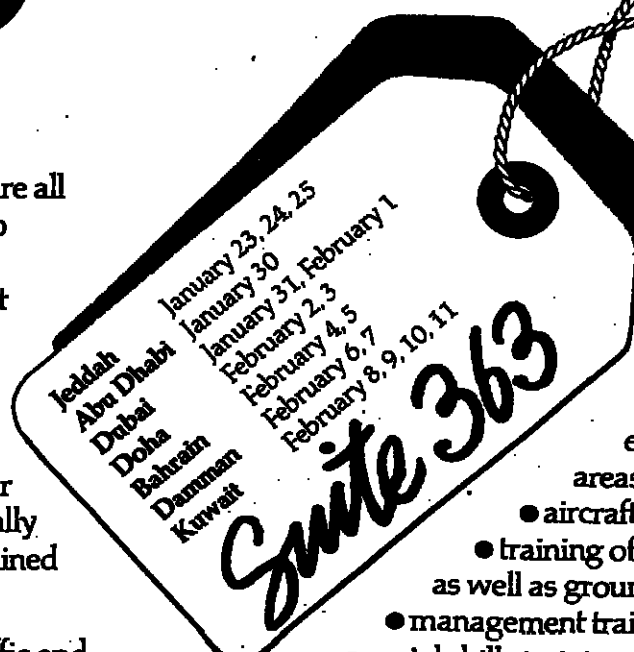
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## Militia commander claims

## 21 Iranians said deserting UNIFIL

BEIRUT, Jan. 15 (Agencies) — A rebel Lebanese military commander said Monday that 21 Iranian troops serving with United Nations forces in Lebanon had defected from their unit because of opposition to the Shah.

Col. Muhammad Slim, was commenting on reports in the leftist Beirut newspaper "As-Safir" that 30 Iranian troops had quit their units to join the predominantly Muslim Lebanese Arab Army (LAA). The colonel is a commander of the LAA, which broke away from Lebanese government forces three years ago during the civil war.

The Iranian Embassy in Beirut had no comment on the report, saying it did not expect to be able to confirm or deny it before Tuesday. LAA troops are stationed in the same part of South Lebanon as a 600-man Iranian contingent in the U.N. Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL). The Iranians plan to withdraw by the end of this month.

Col. Slim declined to con-

firm that Iranian troops had joined his men. But he said 21 Iranians had left their unit rather than return home.

He said the men were supporters of the Shah's main opponent, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, who lives in exile in Paris.

To the south, near Sidon, tension ran high Monday between U.N. peacekeeping forces and Israeli-backed right-wing militias with both sides firing machine gun volleys in the air, local authorities reported.

A spokesman for the gover-

nor's office in Sidon, provincial capital of the south, said militiamen of renegade Lebanese Army Major Saad Haddad attempted to block the deployment of Nigerian troops at the town of Taibe, five kilometers northwest of the international frontier.

The UNIFIL command dispatched the Nigerians to Taibe to replace the Iranian contingent, which is returning home on the expiry of UNIFIL's mandate Friday, the spokesman said.

The spokesman said the Ni-

gerians began taking up positions near Taibe, when Haddad's militiamen intervened, surrounded the Nigerians in certain positions and fired their guns in the air in other spots.

The spokesman said there were no casualties reported as UNIFIL's command started negotiations with Haddad's men to reach a peaceful settlement at midday.

The militias accused the Nigerians of favoring Yasser Arafat's Palestinian commandos and wanted to hold Taibe themselves to prevent possible infiltration to Israel, the spokesman added.

Lebanon is seeking a six-month extension of UNIFIL's mandate. The Security Council is expected to act on the request before next week.

Earlier Sunday in Khartoum the Sudanese government announced it has decided to end the presence of Sudanese troops operating with the Arab Deterrent Forces in Lebanon when their present term of duty expires.

## Sarkis, Riad hold talks on reconstruction needs

BEIRUT, Jan. 15 (R) — Lebanese President Elias Sarkis Monday met Mahmoud Riad, secretary-general of the Arab League, to discuss Lebanon's reconstruction needs, estimated at over \$7 billion.

Official sources said that Riad, who arrived here Sunday on a 48-hour visit, would

discuss a reconstruction program for Lebanon with Arab financial organizations.

Earlier, Riad had a meeting with Finance Minister Farid Raphael and Muhammad Attallah, chairman of the Development and Reconstruction Board.



TEHRAN: An Iranian soldier awkwardly returns a kiss from a demonstrator Monday, during peaceful marches across the city.

## Israel forbids W. Bank meeting

TEL AVIV, Jan. 15 (UPI) — Israeli authorities prevented Arab students Monday from taking part in a press conference called in protest of what was termed an atmosphere of terror at Bir Zeit University on the occupied West Bank.

"Yes, we did not permit it," the Defense Ministry said. "It would have been incitement." The conference was sponsored by a group called the Committee for a Just Peace between Israel and the Arab Countries.

Representatives of the school, near Ramallah north of Jerusalem, did not take part, but members of the committee distributed statements saying occupation authorities were continually harassing students, faculty and the administration.

"The measures directed against the university not only inhibit the normal day-to-day operation of the institution but create an atmosphere of terror which makes the pursuit of free academic inquiry and learning virtually impossible," the statement said.

## But admits 'difficulties'

## Pakistan rejects default rumors

ISLAMABAD, Jan. 15 (AP) — Pakistan has denied reports that it was about to default on its foreign debts but admitted it was "having difficulties" and was trying to renegotiate terms with lending countries.

The Islamabad government announced at the same time, Sunday a five percent cut in

defense spending and a 10 percent slash in all other budget outlays, saving the country roughly \$55 million this fiscal year.

A ranking Finance Ministry official said last week that donor countries, led by the United States, were strongly urging Pakistan to cut spending.

The International Monetary Fund recommended that Pakistan limit deficit spending to \$75 million this fiscal year, which already has been exceeded, he said.

The official said that if repayment terms are not eased by June, default by Pakistan was a real possibility. He called the situation "critical."

## Turkey denies accepting U.S. spy posts from Iran

ANKARA, Jan. 15 (Agencies) — Turkish Foreign Minister Gunduz Okcu Monday denied reports claiming some sensitive U.S. intelligence posts in Iran would be moved to Turkey.

In a statement released by the Foreign Ministry, Okcu said there was "no truth to reports that either new U.S. bases would be built in Turkey or those in Iran would be moved here."

Several Turkish newspapers claimed that the issue of U.S. bases in Iran was discussed when Deputy Secretary of State Warren Christopher visited Turkey last week.

Four key U.S. intelligence-

gathering stations in Turkey were reopened recently after the congressional repeal of an American arms embargo on Turkey last August.

Turkish-American negotiations, aimed at developing a new defense cooperation agreement and a permanent status for the bases, are scheduled to begin here later this week.

Back in Iran, families of West German workers and other German citizens with non-essential business were urged Sunday to get out of the country by next Thursday at the latest, the Bonn Foreign Ministry said.

## Egypt, Sudan seek U.N. cash to cover unification

KHARTOUM, Jan. 15 (AP) — Egypt and Sudan pursuing a economic integration program, will seek unspecified sums in financial assistance from the United Nations development program, it has been officially announced here.

But nearly five years of action to institute political and economic integration between the two countries have produced no tangible

success. Egyptian Prime Minister Mustafa Khalaf is here for talks with Sudanese Vice-President Al-Rashid Al-Tajer in a new attempt to galvanize the integration program. A 28-man joint ministerial council representing Egypt and

Sudan met here and decided to establish a center for feasibility studies for economic development plans to be shared by the two countries, the council announced.

The council also agreed to set up joint committee of economic planning experts from the two countries to "review and eliminate" obstacles impeding integration, the council said.

It added that Egypt and Sudan also agreed to set up joint factories for assembling tractors, food canning, leather processing and textiles.

The two countries agreed to observe a unified curriculum and recognize diplomas of the other's universities.

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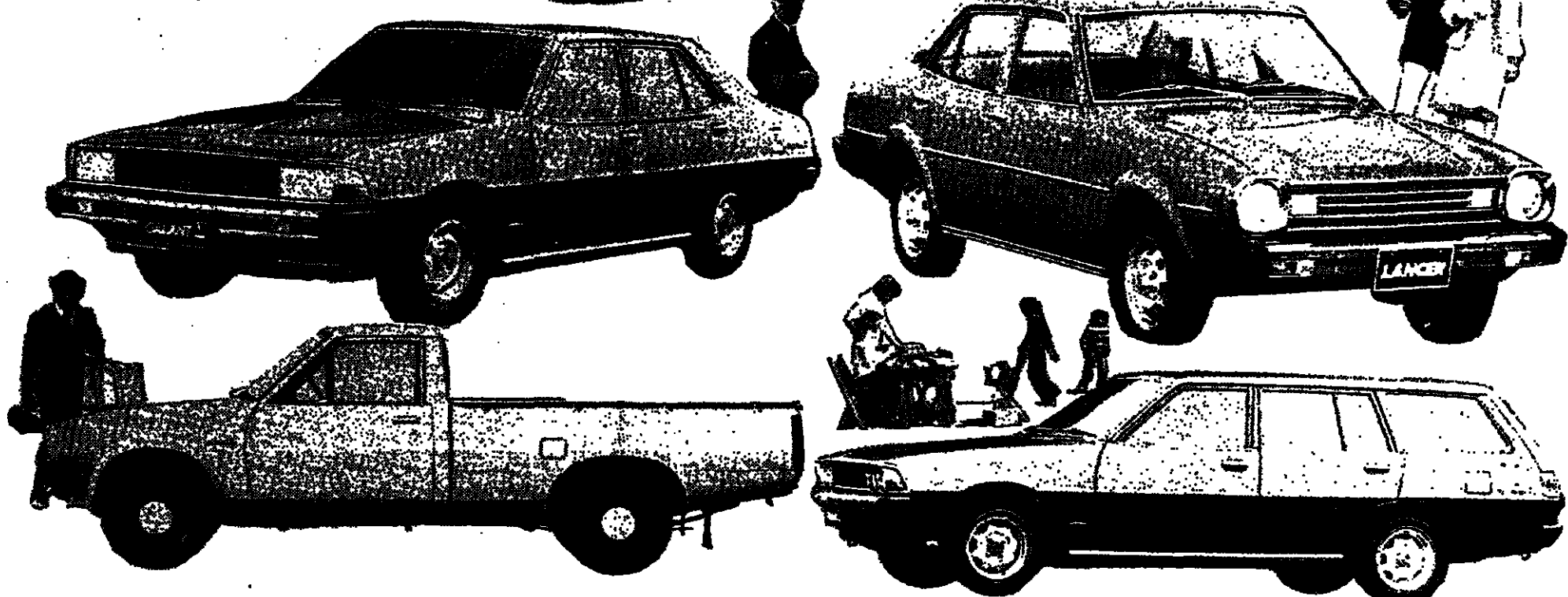
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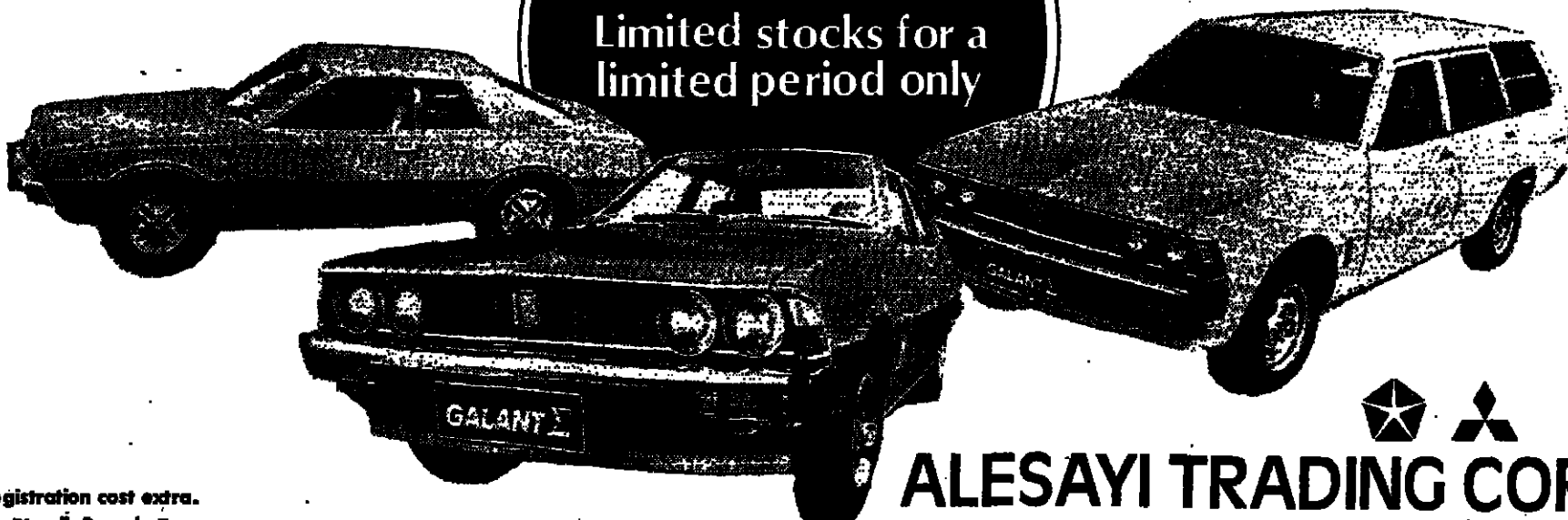
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## Report arms cache seized

## S. African police fight guerrillas

PRETORIA, Jan. 15 (AP) — South African police clashed with a band of eight black infiltrators near the Botswana border, police here reported Monday. They said one guerrilla was killed, one was taken prisoner and the rest probably fled back across the border.

The commissioner of police, Gen. Mike Geldenhuys, said the shootout took place Sunday on a farm about three kilometers inside the border near the town of Derdepoort. No police casualties were reported.

He said police seized a cache that included two Soviet-made AK-47 assault rifles, one Makarov pistol, binoculars, a radio, 18 hand grenades, ammunition, detonators, 30 blocks of TNT each weighing 200 grams and canned food and clothing.

The "Citizen" newspaper of Johannesburg reported that

the band, was discovered after a farm laborer saw them and notified the farmer, who called police.

The clash was the third between police and black guerrillas in northern South Africa in the past three months.

Last October, police fought with three guerrillas in the Mafeking-Zeerus area of northwestern Transvaal Province. Two guerrillas were killed and the third escaped.

In November, three guerril-

las ambushed a police patrol and wounded a sergeant. All three escaped, leaving behind their Soviet-made weapons, according to the police.

The guerrillas who infiltrate from Botswana are believed to be recruits from among the thousands of black youths who fled South Africa during the 1976 uprisings. Their goal is believed to be to reach Soweto or similar black townships outside major South African cities.

South Africa's long border with Botswana is relatively easy for infiltrators to cross barred by only a game fence. The arid farmlands on the South African side are sparsely populated.

Officials have expressed increasing concern in recent months over the steady exodus of white farmers from the border areas, where farming is economically difficult.

## 2 Rhodesian rural black areas apparently denied vital supplies

SALISBURY, Jan. 15 (UPI) — Martial law authorities trying to starve out black insurgents have prohibited the distribution of food and medical supplies from international organizations to rural blacks in two districts of northeastern Rhodesia.

David Gibbs, white Rhodesian living in the northeast, said the clampdown has virtually stopped the activities of a relief distribution committee.

Francois Perez, of the Red Cross delegation in Rhodesia, confirmed military authorities

in the two districts have ordered a halt to the distribution of its food and medical supplies.

He said it is not known how long the restrictions are to last and that clarification is being sought from the military command in Salisbury.

Perez said it is the first time restrictions have been imposed on his delegation, which was recently given \$1 million in funds by the United States Congress to spend on relief in Rhodesia from December to March. An official of the military command said when asked about the restrictions that "all this is brand new to me" and that for the moment, "we cannot comment at all."

Gibbs said over the weekend that the rural blacks face food shortages as a result of the clampdown, imposed in the middle of last month.

"There isn't any mass starvation yet. But people are scratching around for food and some don't have any," he said. "The very old and the very young will suffer the most. As it is, some kids are undernourished."

The Commission for Justice and Peace in Rhodesia said last week it has received reports of two black civilians dying from starvation in the Moko district.

## Police break up Soweto mourning

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 15 (AP) — Soweto leaders expressed anger Monday over police action in the black township at the funeral of a youth shot by police.

Witnesses in Soweto said police broke up a memorial Saturday at the youth's house, using batons and tear gas without provocation. They said mourners were dragged out of cars and beaten while the funeral procession went to the cemetery, and only three cars were allowed into the graveyard.

Brig. James Gerber, head of police in Soweto, said that five canisters of tear gas were fired at the mourners. He said two buses were stoned by youths, and two young blacks were arrested for public violence.

Gerber said police shot and fatally wounded 16-year-old Victor Sibuya two weeks ago after he and several other blacks allegedly robbed the driver of a car. He said the incident was being investigated.

Informants said at least seven people were treated for tear gas poisoning and bruises, and that offices of the Soweto Students' League were raided by security police before and after the funeral.

Dr. Nkhato Motlana, head of the unofficial group of Soweto leaders known as the "Committee of Ten," was one of the speakers at the funeral.

"They actually knocked one child unconscious," Motlana was quoted as saying by "The Post" newspaper. "I object

very strongly to what was done to those children."

Tebogo Moselane said "this is certainly a fine way to start the year — by beating up children with batons and throwing tear gas at them. I had to intervene when they assaulted a boy right in front of me. I told them to beat me first."

The Soweto Action Committee and the Soweto Students' League also protested the police action.

A reporter for the "Rand Daily Mail" said he saw mourners — mostly students — dragged out of cars, kicked and beaten. He said all three buses taking mourners to the cemetery were turned back and few of the 2,000 mourners reached the grave.



TERRORIST CHECK: S. Africans at this village have to be back in the protected compound every night by 6 p.m. and must produce identity papers to ensure against terrorists. Monday, guerrillas who entered from Botswana battled with S. African police.

## Sweden's biggest mass murder alleged

## Pity drove youth to poison 22

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 15 (AP) — An 18-year-old part-time male hospital orderly was held Monday on suspicion of the murders by poison of 22 elderly patients, including a 100-year-old woman, because he thought their life had no meaning, police said.

Chief Prosecutor Sten Runnheim said the youth, who was not identified, was suspected of killing patients at Malmo East Hospital in southern Sweden with a toxic cleaning liquid mixed with juice.

Police said the suspect never asked the patients if they wanted to die. They quoted him as saying he killed them as an act of mercy because "they had pains and their life had no meaning."

"I could not stand to see some of the old people suffer," the youth said, according to the police. Police were investigating further deaths, which have occurred at the ward since the youth started a six-month employment in September on a jobless relief scheme.

The biggest murder case in

Sweden before the bizarre killings was solved in 1952, when a former policeman in his suicide note confessed he had killed 10.

Five more patients, among them a 94-year-old woman, have been in intensive care since Friday, when the youth was arrested. A nurse caught him feeding the 94-year-old patient the liquid, police said.



# Carter will submit SALT for full Senate approval

ATLANTA, Jan. 15 (UPI) — President Carter said Sunday he will present any strategic arms agreement with the Soviet Union as a treaty rather than an executive agreement, meaning it would require a two-thirds vote for ratification rather than a simple majority in the Senate.

Carter announced his decision in Atlanta.

Turning to the Middle East, he said he would not hesitate to hold another summit meeting with Prime Minister Begin and President Sadat if he felt such a move would help bring peace. (See story page one).

**Peace Award**

During ceremonies in which he was given the Martin Luther King, Jr. Peace Award, Carter said he expects the United States and the Soviet Union to reach a strategic arms limitation agreement shortly.

The announcement ended months of speculation that Carter would present the pact to the Senate as an executive agreement, since powerful forces are aligned against it and a simple majority vote might be easier to reach than the two-thirds needed for a treaty ratification.

**Nothing Less**

Congressional leaders had warned Carter he would face serious opposition if he tried to get the pact through Congress as anything less than a treaty. The president in turn warned that Senate rejection of a SALT pact would hurt the image of the United States.

"It would deal a severe blow to the peaceful interrelationship between the world's two greatest military powers," he said. "It would deal a severe blow to the opinion held of us by peace-loving people in the small and developing nations around the world."

**Drums**

Carter received his award in Atlanta from the Martin Luther King Jr. Center for Social Change.

"Let no one doubt where I stand," Carter told 650 people gathered in the Ebenezer Baptist Church where King preached. "My administration stands with you. We are committed to civil rights."

"I accept this award not as an honor, but as an affirmation that I share the hopes and dreams of Martin Luther King Jr. and that I recognize the progress that needs to be made," Carter said. "He showed us all that we are not powerless if we care enough."

**Protest**

Before the ceremony, members of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, which King founded, staged a protest march outside to condemn expected cuts in the 1980 federal budget Carter submits to Congress next week.

About 200 black demonstrators shivered in 28-degree weather, waving signs saying "Jobs, not Bombs," and "Support Employment."

## Brezhnev uncertain over U.S. relations

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 (R) — Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev said in an interview published Monday that the United States had given him little encouragement in the last two years to improve relations, but still hoped a new arms limitation treaty would be signed soon.

On the recent establishment of diplomatic relations between the United States and China, Brezhnev said some people in the United States and other Western countries were tempted to turn China into "an instrument of pressure" on the Soviet Union.

"Such a policy appears to me to be adventurous and highly dangerous for the cause of universal peace," he said in the "Time" magazine interview.

Brezhnev was interviewed by the magazine on Jan. 9, before starting his present holiday in Bulgaria.

"On the whole, over the last couple of years, there have been few encouraging moments, to be frank, in Soviet-American relations," Brezhnev said.

"Speaking quite candidly, I tell you that very often we are hard put even to understand Washington's persistent desire to seek advantages for itself to the disadvantages of others," he added.

On attempts of Moscow and Washington to conclude a new strategic arms limitation (SALT) accord, Brezhnev said work on the new agreement was drawing to a close. He expressed hope that "President Carter and I will be able in the near future to affix our signatures to the accord."

He said that the Soviet Union sees no obstacles to the U.S. reestablishing friendly relations with Peking if China "becomes more reasonable and peaceful."



Leonid Brezhnev

### Battle for appropriations panel

## Congress opens with one last gap to fill

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 (P) — The 96th Congress opened Monday with most of its leaders elected, leaving a battle for House Appropriations Committee chairman as one of the major contests remaining.

In an uphill struggle House liberals are trying to buck the seniority system and persuade the Democratic Caucus to seat Rep. Edward R. Roybal, D-Calif., as chairman of the appropriations committee instead of conservative Rep. James Wright, D-Miss.

Inflation and federal spending, over which the committee wields considerable influence, are among major domestic issues facing the new budget-minded Congress.

Monday's activities in both the House of Representatives and the Senate were mostly ceremonial. Members were sworn in and designated leaders approved for new two-year terms.

Speaker of the House, Thomas P. O'Neill, will remain at his post.

Sen. Robert Byrd of West Virginia will still be the Senate Majority Leader. Senate Republican Leader Howard Baker of Tennessee and House Republican Leader John Rhodes of Arizona also will keep their jobs.

Despite Republican gains in November, Democrats still firmly control both chambers.

A move may come this week to bar Rep. Daniel Flood, (D-Pa.) from retaining his chairmanship of a Labor-Health Appropriations Subcommittee while under indictment for bribery and other charges.

House Republicans are expected to try to expel Rep. Charles Diggs, (D-Mich.), from the House. Diggs is appealing a three-year sentence on a federal payroll fraud conviction.

Expulsion requires a two-thirds vote of the House.

**Ms. Abzug says Carter 'naive' in firing her**

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 (AP) — Bella Abzug, former co-chairwoman of the president's National Advisory Council on Women, said Sunday that President Jimmy Carter showed a great deal of "naivete" in firing her last week for criticizing his economic policy.

Ms. Abzug said the president should not expect the remaining members to continue working if she was replaced by a "yes person."

About her firing, Ms. Abzug said, "what happened the other day at the White House was like — when a guy has a bad day at the office and he comes home and kicks his dog. Well — our president probably had a bad day and instead of kicking Billy Carter, he kicked me."

### Rugged physique aiding Wayne in cancer recovery

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 15 (AP) — The hardy physique that carried John Wayne through dozens of rugged movie roles is contributing to his "excellent" recovery from cancer surgery, hospital officials said Monday.

UCLA Medical Center Administrator Bernard Strohman said doctors have found no sign of the cancer spreading to other organs or to the local lymph nodes.

Wayne is cracking jokes with his family only three days after having his stomach removed in a nine-hour operation, officials said.

The 71-year-old actor who won a fight in more than 200 films, is able to sit up in bed and even walk a few steps.



STUCK: Neighbors help push a car stuck in the street of a Chicago suburb. The storm completely shut down O'Hare Airport, the world's busiest. — (UPI photo)

## No end yet for Chicago Windy City smothered in snow

CHICAGO, Jan. 15 (AP) — America's second-largest city dug out from its second-worst blizzard in history Monday. An army of workers reopened one runway at O'Hare International Airport, the world's busiest, after snow forced a weekend shutdown.

But the forecast was for possibly more snow by mid-week.

Helicopters took the sick and injured to Chicago-area hospitals Monday because ambulances could not get through the 30 inches of snow, 20.9 inches of it from the weekend storm that hit the Windy City. At least 29 people died — seven in Chicago alone.

O'Hare was closed to all flights from midday Saturday until early Monday morning, when the runway reopened. United Airlines said its service to and from Chicago would be reduced during much of the day.

Elsewhere in America's Midwest, the snow combined with sub-freezing temperatures to cause traffic accidents, break weather records, strand travelers and leave thousands without electricity.

Northern Illinois, Kansas and eastern Iowa were under states of emergency.

## Canadian exile returns, is arrested

MONTREAL, Jan. 15 (AP) — Jean-Pierre Charette, a former member of the Front de Liberation du Quebec (FLQ), gave up exile in Cuba to return to Canada Sunday evening. He was immediately arrested by police, according to radio reports here.

## Brezhnev continues Bulgaria tour

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Jan. 15 (UPI) — Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev began his Bulgarian vacation Sunday in the little spa resort of Bankja, at the foot of Mt. Tjulin about 12 miles (20 km) from the capital. Brezhnev's unexpected visit has been described as a "short, friendly visit" and officials have not yet announced how long he will remain in Bulgaria.

## Korchnoi hopeful wife will join him

TEL AVIV, Jan. 15 (AP) — Self-exiled Soviet chess player Viktor Korchnoi arrived in Israel Sunday and said he was "more optimistic than a few months ago" about the chances for getting his wife and son out of the Soviet Union. Korchnoi, who lost his challenge for the World Chess Championship last year, will stay in Israel for 10 days.

## U.S. singer dies in 15-story fall

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 (AP) — Donny Hathaway, a singer and songwriter who was riding high with gold records, and a Grammy award six years ago, leaped from his 15th floor apartment to his death late Saturday night from his room in the Essex House Hotel, police said.

## Rotten egg cloud baffles Glasgow

GLASGOW, Scotland, Jan. 15 (UPI) — Scientific experts and police were still searching Monday for the origins of an invisible gas cloud smelling like "rotten eggs" which descended upon central Scotland Sunday. The cloud was first reported Sunday morning in the town of Cumbernauld, near Glasgow.

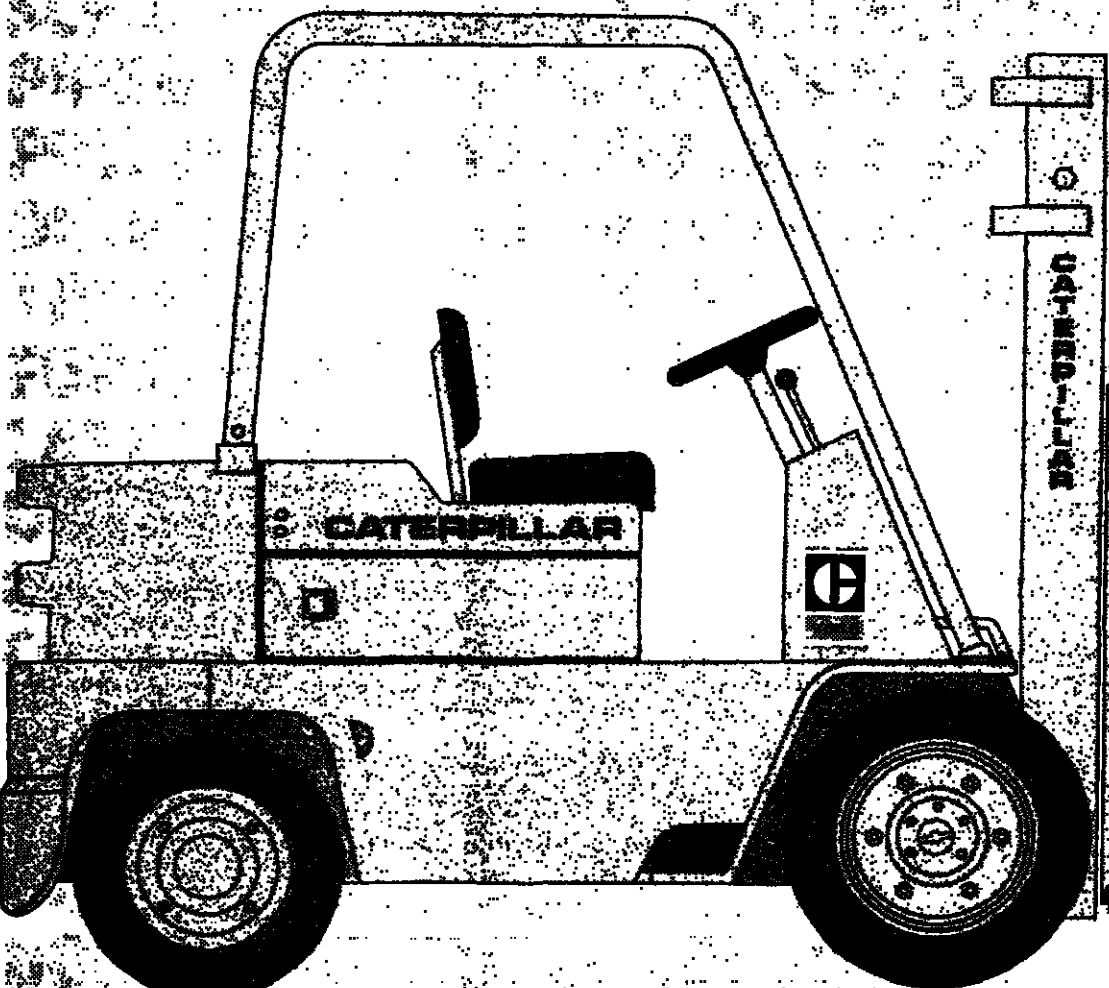
## Hot water kills 13-month-old child

BOSTON, Jan. 15 (AP) — A 13-month-old child died early Sunday, possibly scalded to death by hot water overflowing from a bathroom sink, police said. Police broke down a locked bathroom door and found Muhammad Islam lying in hot water about a half-inch deep.

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## PALESTINIAN UNITY

Records of past Palestinian National Council meetings underline the complete absence of the elements of surprise. Because so many factions are involved, secrets are poorly kept and final agreement is often made in such general terms that hardly cause a stir. This time, too, the items on the agenda are known and the overall position with regards to each of them is also known. If there is to be a dark horse, it may be the much-publicized government-in-exile which is known to be an item for discussion though approval appears very unlikely.

Friends of the resistance movement, while not expecting miracles, still hope for a flexible position that will keep all the options open if not improve the chances of PLO participation in the international efforts to settle the Middle East problem. A more positive approach than simply rejecting the Camp David agreements would be to propose an alternate plan to achieve Palestinian rights with the support of the other Arab states and the world community. Observers believe that the various Palestinian organizations may this time follow the example of the Arab states which held a summit conference in Baghdad last month. This example means that the Palestinians would work out a strategy of minimum demands which would enjoy the support of one and all. Such a strategy is more likely today than at any previous National Council session because more Arab states are ready to support the Palestinians in furthering policies that do not contradict with the general Arab interest.

The main draft before the session is one calling for unity of the various groups but it is written in such general terms that no one would object. Still, a minimum of unity is better than none and the Palestinians could then approach the Arab states with a united front for seeking their support.

Such a front would be based on the following: —Measures to combat plans for self-rule in the West Bank and Gaza Strip for fear that the American-supported plans would fall short of the Palestinian demand for a homeland.

—A program for closer cooperation with Jordan—a move directly linked to the Egypt-Israeli peace talks and the PLO's determination to encourage Jordan to stay out.

—Steps to join the National Action Charter between Iraq and Syria in the expectation that united Syria and Iraq would become a force to reckon with in the Middle East, and

—Agreement to join a direct or indirect dialogue with Washington on condition that no concessions are made in advance, but that a more moderate position would be adopted if and when a Palestinian state is created.

The last point should be the most controversial at the session. The Carter administration has already opened an indirect line to the Palestinians but it remains publicly committed to no contacts with the PLO until it recognizes Israel's right to exist. The PLO will only accept that after a Palestinian state is approved but not before and mediators continue to seek a way out. A government-in-exile would have been a solution but there remains a strong group opposing it among the Palestinians and the Arab states.

## Bomb scare

By a Staff Reporter  
Washington Bureau

### WASHINGTON —

The CIA and the FBI have ordered a U.S. government agency not to release a new report on the fate of the missing bomb-grade uranium believed to have been diverted to Israel in the 1960s.

The report by the General Accounting Office (GAO) — completed late last month — will remain classified despite the fact that GAO investigators were denied access to the highly sensitive FBI and CIA files on the case.

The reason why the report must remain secret is itself classified, a CIA spokesman told reporters here.

For more than a decade, various government agencies and congressional committees have been trying to discover what happened to 206 pounds of highly enriched uranium that disappeared from an Apollo, Pennsylvania, nuclear fuel company sometime during the 1960s.

The probes have been blocked repeatedly by U.S. intelligence agencies, which have refused to share information in their files with investigators.

There is widespread belief in government and congressional circles that the missing uranium

was diverted to Israel for use in that country's atomic bomb program.

The missing 206 pounds of nuclear material would have been sufficient to manufacture 10 small atomic bombs.

The new GAO report — the result of over a year of interviews and investigation — was requested by the House Commerce subcommittee on Energy and Power.

Subcommittee Chairman Rep. John Dingell of Michigan has criticized the FBI and CIA for insisting the GAO report remain secret.

In a letter to Staats, Dingell said the FBI's refusal to cooperate with investigators "stretches the imagination."

After years of investigation, the FBI has "still not interviewed some of the central actors involved" in the affair, the congressman said.

One of the key figures in the case is Dr. Zalman Shapiro, a former Atomic Energy Commission scientist who headed the Apollo, Pa., nuclear firm NUMEC (Nuclear Materials and Equipment Corp.) in the 1960s.

U.S. investigators have noted that Shapiro had extensive business contacts with Israel, and had allowed Israeli scientists to visit the NUMEC plant.



## Cambodia's agony

By Denis D. Gray

### BANGKOK —

Revolutionary zealots topple rightist generals, rebels become the rulers, governments come and go. But one thing in Cambodia is as constant as its monsoon rains — the agony.

A lovely young girl propped herself up from the floor of a hospital corridor decked with flies and feces, smiling. Her right arm is sheared off and the collar bone juts out, naked and already greenish with decay. Miles above her village an American pilot had pushed a button and let loose a cargo of bombs.

A peasant and his family are quaking under the sugar palms in front of what was once their home. You can see through to the rain-gray horizon beyond because the house is now a skeleton of splintered poles and a stairway to nowhere. The communist rebels had been through, but the rice farmer doesn't seem to care which side in the war had thought his home worth destroying.

It is not easy to find a country that has suffered so much for so long. There have been dynastic feuds, repeated invasions by stronger neighbors, modern war technology unleashed on a backward nation, an experiment in primitive revolution that has been called one of the bloodiest in modern times. Cambodia's history is the story of a great civilization that reached its pinnacle seven centuries ago and a steady, painful decline since.

The Vietnamese takeover of the weary country, accomplished in a three-week offensive, may have ended the downward

spiral and knelled the end not of the pain, but of Cambodia as a national entity.

It is an old, old cliché about the little man always getting the worst deal. But the Cambodian peasant who makes up most of the population and who wants nothing more than to see his rice and children grow has ceaselessly proved it.

He and she are the ones who died hauling the huge stones of Angkor Wat for the greater glory of 12th century idols and their mystic universe. And it is they who were herded into communes over the last four years to build "a new glorious Cambodia" to the blueprint of a Marxist dream gone mad with blood-letting.

From King Jayavarmen II to Premier Pol Pot, all have professed to love the man in the fields and all have trampled him underfoot, or worse.

Yes, there was a time, a very brief moment in a 1,000-year history when the newsmen's epithet for Cambodia was "an oasis of peace in the Indochina war" and when visitors romanticized about Cambodians as the most gentle, smiling people anywhere.

There were foreigners who vowed never to leave after being seduced by a sun-drenched, languid life or by Phnom Penh, a capital of Buddhist temples, elegant villas and broad boulevards, a Paris with palm.

That was the time between Cambodia's independence from France in 1953 and the outbreak of the war 17 years later.

The U.S.-backed government leaders that toppled Prince Norodom Sihanouk in 1970 took on the Communist Khmer Rouge and their North Vietnamese allies. The United

States, fighting in neighboring Vietnam, staged one invasion into Cambodia and dropped nearly 400,000 tons of bombs on the country. In the most intense aerial blitz in history — between Jan. 27 and Aug. 15, 1975 — American fighters and bombers unloaded 240,000 tons, racing the clock to do as much damage as possible before a U.S. court-ordered bombing halt went into effect.

The war on the ground was more savage than that in Vietnam, revealing what sophisticated observers had known for a long time — the easy-going, smiling Cambodians could be pushed to explosions of savagery and cruelty.

The war dead by various estimates numbered 600,000 to 800,000 — about one person in every 10 in the country. The disabled ran into hundreds of thousands and the country's infrastructure was in ruins.

The communist forces won, but the white flags in Phnom Penh on April 17, 1975, were waving from relief that peace had finally come. That illusion lasted about six hours.

Nothing has yet surfaced to disprove stories by refugees and others about the 45 months of terror that followed. Cambodia had again become a killing ground, but this time it was the leadership turning on its own people.

Within hours of Phnom Penh's "liberation," its more than two million inhabitants were forced into the countryside at gunpoint.

Many in the world — even former sympathizers — have charged that hundreds of thousands if not many more were killed or died of disease and, initially, hunger. — (AP)

## saudi press review

"Al-Medina" railed at the banks operating in the country calling them "millionaires' clubs."

"These banks, unlike those in Europe and the United States, fail to provide the kind of services that are needed by large sectors of the population."

"They include building private homes, starting businesses or putting bold new ideas into practice." The writer said that earlier comments on banking in the country "did not merit much attention by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency although the agency studied allegations against Citibank for demanding minimum deposits of SR100,000 and penalizing those falling below SR 10,000."

The writer said that the country needs different kinds of banks which serve the common man and not merely the banks and their shareholders.

"The reason the banks have confined themselves to serving millionaires is the absence of competition since the business of banking here is nearly monopolistic and the existing banks have more work than they can handle."

The writer said "more national and foreign banks allowed to open branches within the framework of a sound banking system in the interest of the citizen. This way we can break this vicious monopoly."

"Al-Bilad" said the graduation of the first class from the girls college of education in Jeddah may appear common enough elsewhere. But here, in Saudi Arabia, "we look at it as an important landmark in our educational progress. It is so important that the King's wife will grace the occasion personally. Fifteen girls will be given degrees in science and arts. This is another landmark in our development," the paper said.

Commenting on the decision of the interior ministry to carry out a concerted campaign to root out illegal immigrants in the country "Al-Nadwa" said the campaign "is bound to lead to a greater shortage of workers and consequently, higher wages."

"Two things must be done immediately to avoid the adverse impact on the country," the paper suggested. "The first is to make sure that foreign companies carrying out contracts should not resort to locally recruited workers thereby depriving local companies of the necessary work force. And secondly, the government must hasten to open a number of branches, already promised, to facilitate the import of foreign labor. These two suggestions will help offset the dearth of labor that is likely to result from the current campaign to send home illegal immigrants," the paper added.

## Iran's oil and the U.S.

(The following is a partial transcript of a Jan. 7 interview of U.S. Secretary of Energy James Schlesinger on the CBS television program "Face the Nation." Schlesinger was interviewed by CBS news correspondent Robert Schakne; "Time" Washington correspondent Don Sider; and CBS news correspondent George Herman.)

HERMAN: Secretary Schlesinger, will the continuing loss of oil imported formerly from Iran force the United States and your Department of Energy to do anything in the way of allocations, rationing, or price changes?

SCHLESINGER: It could well do that; depends on how long the cut-off lasts. For the next two or three months, we are in reasonably good shape, but if the cut-off continues, we must recognize that we are drawing down inventories two million barrels a day more than normal, and we will have to take actions to begin to rebuild our inventories for next winter. That implies all of the things are possibilities.

HERMAN: Secretary Schlesinger, you say that if the Iranian oil deficit continues for some time, we're going to have to take various steps. Could you give me some kind of an idea of the time scale — for example, are you going to have to start taking some steps this coming week, or next week, or are we talking about months away, or what?

SCHLESINGER: Depends in part on the response of the American people. We have called for voluntary savings; adherence to the 55 mile per hour speed limit; setting thermostats at 65 degrees; cutting out unnecessary driving. If we were to take those steps, the U.S. shortfall itself would be offset. But we are losing five and a half million barrels a day from world oil supplies. To make up for that we're drawing down stocks, worldwide, by something on the order of two million barrels a day in excess of normal. We are borrowing against the future. If this shut-off were to go for three months, let us say, we would have to begin steps to constrain demand here in the United States.

SIDER: Mr. Secretary, you've been calling on the American people to conserve now for two years, ever since you've been on this job, and it must seem like you're pushing on a string sometimes. Do you have any faith that the American people will finally get the message?

SCHLESINGER: I think that we have circumstances somewhat different from those that have existed before. Quite obviously, democracies do not like to hear bad news, and in the past, we have had a crisis or potential crisis without a visible shortage. What we have now is a very clear signal from abroad, an event that has the potential for being catastrophic in political terms, but certainly affects our oil supply. I think that this may be more effective in getting the attention of the American people.

SCHAKNE: Mr. Secretary, why — how do you go about getting people to believe the possibility of shortage — I think in the last report that you have for the last week, where there were reports, it said that

we imported more oil than we ever had before.

SCHLESINGER: No, we have not. As a result of bringing on Alaska, of course, we have reduced our imports from abroad from about 8.8 million barrels a day in 1977 to about 8 million barrels a day this year. Imports are up in the last weeks, compared to prior weeks, but overall, we are down somewhat. Unless we change our habits, imports will continue to increase, however.

SCHAKNE: But if there's a reduction in the Iranian oil supplies, why are our imports still up? Where is the shortage you talk about?

SCHLESINGER: The flow of oil from abroad is based upon longer term contracts — a pattern of a particular week is not particularly significant, because it just may be that in that particular week more tankers arrived in the United States, fewer in Europe. Generally speaking, we are down substantially in the availability of oil for this time of the year in the consuming nations, something over two million barrels of oil a day.

SIDER: You've met in recent weeks with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense, and Mr. Zbigniew Brzezinski, talking about Iran, and what this country could do about it and what the situation was. Is there any policy that the administration has now to deal with our interests in Iran, and is there anything that the administration can do, in that situation?

SCHLESINGER: I think that the situation has gone sufficiently far, at this point; that it is not easy to see steps that could reverse the present trend of events. The Shah has designated a new prime minister; he's indicated that he's prepared to leave the country on a vacation. I think to a large extent events within the country will have to work themselves out. Perhaps as significant as the events in Iran themselves will be the implications for neighboring countries, Saudi Arabia in particular; the other Gulf states; Iraq. They are watching a loosening of Western influence in the area, a rise of Soviet influence. And unless we are prepared to take steps to shore up those other countries, we will be in serious trouble.

HERMAN: What kind of steps?

SCHLESINGER: That remains to be seen, but I think that there must be clear and unequivocal evidence to other nations in the Gulf area of the firmness and steadfastness of American support, American presence.

SIDER: How do you read Soviet intentions with Iran?

SCHLESINGER: The Soviets have taken advantage of an opportunity that has come along — I'm not sure whether or not they played a role in stimulating the development of the situation in Iran, but unquestionably it provides an opportunity for them to exploit unrest and the effect, the overall effect, of the events in Iran, has been to weaken the position

of the United States and the West. From the Soviet standpoint, those are not altogether unwelcome developments.

SCHAKNE: What are the threats, Mr. Secretary, to Saudi Arabia and other Gulf oil-producing areas?

SCHLESINGER: The question I think that the underlying question for all of the states in the area is which nation offer protection which nations do not. These are relatively weak states; they must have external sources of support if they are to retain their independence. Over the years the United States has been the principal external source of support. It has provided stability in that area. It would seem under these circumstances that the continued presence and support of the United States should remain unquestioned, if these nations are not to begin to adjust their policies and begin to make accommodations which we would find uncomfortable.

HERMAN: Let me take you back, just a little bit, in the direction of my opening question about future supplies of oil from Iran and what it will do to American energy use. Are you — is the administration in the position now to hazard a guess on whether we will get renewed supplies of oil from Iran within three months, or are you making plans on the expectation it will not resume?

SCHLESINGER: We are making contingency plans —

HERMAN: I understand.

SCHLESINGER: Of course, on the possibility that it will not resume, but we should understand that the — it will take a considerable period simply to bring production back. At this moment, all expatriate technicians have left the country; discipline in the oil fields is low. As a consequence, it will take time simply to bring the production back to three and a half or four million barrels. Beyond that, we do not know, so we must anticipate great difficulties in bringing back production even over a period of two to three months.

SIDER: Have you any assurance from the Saudis that they will keep up their production to help fill this gap for a time?

SCHLESINGER: Of course, we have not indicated where, in particular, increased production has come from. The Saudis continue to have a limit on daily production of eight and a half million barrels a day; they have not indicated in any way that, as of this moment, that they are prepared to change that limit.

HERMAN: You leave me a little confused about the situation in Iran — there has to be a lack of Iranian oil for a certain length of time. You've indicated that under the best of circumstances we won't see it back to full production for at least three months. What is this —

SCHLESINGER: I think that we should understand now that Iranian production is unlikely ever to return to the pre-crisis level — that if we get production back to five, five and a half million barrels a day, I think that that would be fortunate.

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"Okaz" said that the hostility of the present Iranian government towards the Shah "may lead to more serious consequences for the country".

The paper suspected that the government will abolish the monarchy as soon as the Shah leaves the country to be

in a better position to deal with the various factions "of which only the religious and the communist groups have some form of ideology."

"These would eventually struggle for power. Hence the government's awareness of the

need to work closely with the religious groups to ensure its existence. Nor does this rule out the gravity of the situation that would result in the absence of the Shah, which the government has already indicated that it may be for good."



Taxi-driver hatching his teeth. This is my work life.



## Three books about two of Saudi Arabia's neighbors

"Pakistan, Past and Present,"  
Stacy International, London, 1977.  
Price: SR. 150.

By F.W. Rawling

JEDDAH — Readers and collectors of excellent books have by now become accustomed to the high standards of the books produced so far by Stacy International. They peruse in carefully researched, expertly written and beautifully illustrated "in depth" studies of different lands.

In "Pakistan Past and Present," Stacy has collected the works of a variety of writers from the universities and civil service departments of Pakistan itself, and others, from Britain especially, who have a long association with the country before and after its establishment as an independent state in 1947.

A significant anniversary — the centenary of the birth of Mohamed Ali Jinnah, the founder of Pakistan — gave both the occasion for the production of the book and the subject of the very important opening section.

Jinnah was an extremely controversial figure for most of his life, and the controversies which surrounded his role in the partition of British India and the establishment of Pakistan have not diminished over the years.

Inevitably, "Pakistan" is a partisan book. Readers who have also studied accounts by Indian apologetes of the thespian events leading up to and immediately following partition, will, quite properly, hear the other side of the argument.

The recent history of Pakistan, therefore, should be read the round, with evidence drawn from as many different sources as possible. The emergence of Bangladesh after the war of 1971 and India's part in that conflict are events whose discussion still generates more heat than light in the continent, and it may be some time before all the facts are out objectively.

More recently, the coup of 1978, in which Prime Minister Bhutto was replaced by yet another military regime, overtakes much of what this book is attempting to explain about the

political evolution of Pakistan.

The contemporary turmoil in Afghanistan, Iran and Turkey seems to suggest that a crisis of cultural identity pervades the whole of West Asia and that this is bringing into conflict traditional and progressive forces.

As an important part of the subcontinent, however, the history of what is now Pakistan is ancient, rich and wonderfully interesting. The book deals with this historical evolution in a most fascinating way. Many of the great movements, the wars, the mingling of peoples, the establishment of religious and cultures took place in the North West and the Punjab.

It is the non-controversial, historical parts of this book which are particularly well done. Readers will especially enjoy the descriptions of the Indus Valley civilization and the gloriously creative Mogul period. The most recent historical

evolutions of Pakistan, however, seem to have been described by official spokesmen in accordance with the views of the then Bhutto government. The danger, of course, in this is that since independence, governments have tended to have stormy lives in Pakistan and violent ends. Books written to elucidate a particular party line tend to become rapidly redundant.

The advantage of having a large number of contributors writing briefly about their special subjects is sometimes offset by slight imbalances in the writing and literary styles and occasional repetitions.

However, to have gathered for the first time an encyclopedic study of Pakistan's history, geography, industry, commerce, people, culture and national aspirations is an imaginative achievement which deserves congratulation and success.

"Yemen: The Politics of the Yemen Arab Republic"

By Robert W. Stookey. Published by Western Special Studies on the Middle East, Boulder, Colorado. Distributed in the U.K. by Ernest Benn Limited, Sovereign Way, Tonbridge, England. Price: £13.75. 322 pages. 1978.

By Euriyee Cain  
SANAA — This is the first complete, single-volume history of Yemen published in England since 1859, when Captain Playfair produced his "History of Arabia Felix or Yemen." The study of Yemeni history is still in its infant stages and Dr. Stookey must be congratulated on the results of this ambitious project.

The author was the British Charge d'Affaires in Yemen from July, 1961 to March, 1963. He is thus in a fortunate position to give a first hand account of the September, 1962 revolution and the early days of the Republic. In 1973 he had the opportunity to return to the country on a Fulbright-Hays Senior Research grant. This gave him an opportunity to study the complexities of the Iryani government and to understand the various factions operating there.

Stookey begins with the known history of the ancient South Arabian kingdoms and traces that region's long cul-

tural continuity from those times to the present day. He demonstrates this continuity in many ways, not the least of which is the unbroken lineage of present tribal names like Hashid, Bakil and Hamdan.

The history of medieval Yemen is highly complex, with many dynasties appearing briefly, to be quickly eclipsed by others. Stookey clarifies these events succinctly. He shows the interaction of world affairs; the extent to which Yemen became linked to the Islamic dynasties—the Umayyads, Abbasids, Fatimids, Ayyubids, Mamluks and the Ottomans and their struggle for commercial supremacy in the Red Sea.

He carries his research through to 1977, illustrating the events that followed the fall of the Hamid al-Din Imamate, the protracted Civil War and consequential chaos which was ended only temporarily with the 1974 Correction Movement led by Ibrahim al-Hamdi. Following the dramatic events of the last two years, another chapter to this valuable study is clearly needed.

Stookey approaches his subject intelligently. Unfortunately his prose is often too heavy with distracting professional jargon. And, though he uses primary Arabic sources and provides a full bibliography, some of his sources are outdated.

## BOOKSHELF

"Arabische Republik Yemen: Wirtschaftsgeographie eines Entwicklungslandes," by Horst Dequin. (Arab Republic of Yemen: Economic Geography of a Developing Country.) Riyadh, 1976.

By Dagmar Mann  
JEDDAH — Horst Dequin, a German specialist in regional planning and agricultural economy, has spent long periods in the Kingdom and Yemen since 1955. He is the author of "The Challenge of Saudi Arabia," a book that greatly admires the ambitions of the late King Abdul Aziz but which suffers from Dequin's attempts to capture in English what he knows best in German.

"Arabische Republik Yemen," which is written in German, frees Dequin of his English troubles. Where "Challenge" seems stilted through language barriers, readers of German will find "Arabische Republik" far more comfortable, if still academic.

Horst Dequin is a graduate of Berlin Technical University. He is a specialist in regional planning and agricultural economy. During the Yemen civil

war, Dequin worked as government advisor and project leader of the German agricultural aid program. He continued his visits and research work in Yemen after the peace settlement of 1970.

"Arabische Republik Yemen" deals with the economic and agricultural development of Yemen until 1976.

The study is in three main parts: first, the present economic situation of Yemen, then its agriculture, and finally development policies.

The preface gives a short summary of the history of Yemen starting with the Sabaeans and Minaean periods then, statistical data of the present situation; and finally an explanation of the methods of research applied. The 62 pages of the appendix consist of more than 50 tables which seem to furnish every conceivable fact; for instance, table XII, "Annual Balance sheets of the Central Bank," or XXIV, "Slaughtered Animals According to Districts."

Thirty-six tables are interspersed within the chapters as well as 17 maps illustrating the text. These tables, together

with the clear structure of chapters and subchapters, enable even readers with an imperfect knowledge of German to obtain a good deal of information. It should be remarked — though not stressed — that the style of the language is not easy but rather scholarly and dry.

A great deal of very interesting information is often given at the beginning of the subchapters. For example in 1.2 on infrastructure, the author mentions ancient road and sea routes, and because geographical factors still play an important role, the mention of former conditions is both illustrative and fully justified.

Another useful chapter of more general character is 1.6, "Government and Administration," whose structure is described concisely. Thus a clear framework of underlying historical facts is followed by detailed descriptions or in other chapters, follows the special data.

The study as a whole is a well balanced presentation of the North Yemeni economy.

It is scholarly, factual, and with an appropriate historical background.

Other works by the author available locally, which cover the same period of research, are: "Land Use Map of North Yemen" for the "World Atlas of Agriculture" and "Land Use Map and Monograph of Agriculture of Saudi Arabia" for the same compiled work.

## Rejuvenating Classic German ballet

By Edgard Simon  
HAMBURG, West Germany — Only a few years away from boyhood tap dancing lessons in Milwaukee, John Neumeier has made Hamburg's state opera ballet into one of the most exciting in the world.

Many critics call 36-year old Neumeier the great rejuvenator of Classic ballet. The most enthusiastic rank him second only to George Balanchine.

The climax of his work so far was his December staging of "West Side Story," which one critic said paved the musical's way to the metropolitan opera.

"I'm glad he said that," Neumeier said. "I really hope I did."

Neumeier sees an "incredible" and "startling" boom in ballet in America, but feels the financial situation there sets limits he cannot accept.

"Working there is very difficult for me because my ballets are based on a complete con-

cept — costumes, lighting, a particular motif of moving," Neumeier said.

"The part of my work that I find very important is to make dance as human as possible. For a long time, dancing has been such an over-aestheticized form that people lose their own connection with it."

During the important Classical period of ballet in Russia and the Romantic period in Paris, dancing was considered as "sort of superhuman."

That is why Neumeier considers his "werkstatt" (workshop) performances, a series of which have been shown on German television, so important.

"The idea of the werkstatt is not so much to explain the steps as to explain how you might watch ballet," he said.

It is not important to understand the steps but to understand the emotional and human response. This search for a human response led him to Classic ballet.

"If something is called Classic, I feel it has meaning for all time. But because 'Swan Lake' is 100 years old, we have a different way of looking at the theme today. I try to project a closeness to our own situation."

Neumeier came to Europe in 1962 to study and because there seemed no future then in American ballet. In Stuttgart he worked with the late John Cranko. Later he moved to Frankfurt and, in 1973, started in Hamburg with "the absolute worst publicity anybody could have."

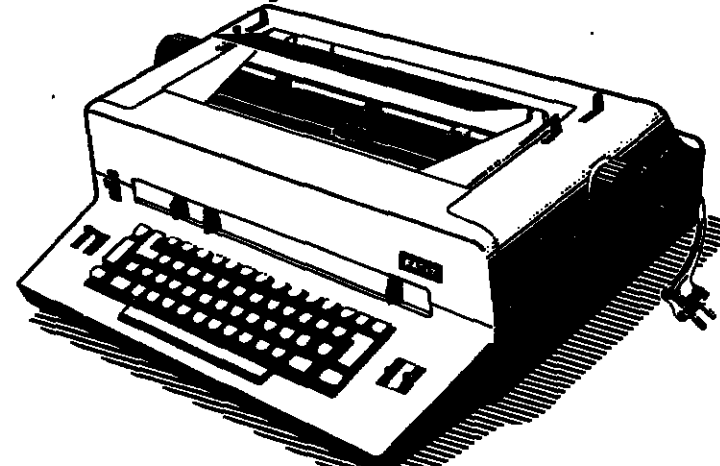
This resulted from his decision to bring his own dancers from Frankfurt, dropping the options of 16 dancers at the Hamburg opera.

But a year later, when he opened his first werkstatt, all was forgiven. Since then, his ballets are always sold out. His ballet festival each summer attracts fans from far outside Germany. — (UPI)

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## Spy Story

### The tale of corporate espionage in America

By Bradley Graham  
WASHINGTON — Floyd Purvis, manager of security for Texas Instruments, laughs at the notion that someone may be out to bug his boss' office. Such espionage antics might have a place in spy novels and Hollywood's imagination, but in the real world, says Purvis, corporate secrets are more often given away than stolen.

Most of the time, company leaks trickle from unsuspecting sources: casual sales talk at a convention, a published journal article or the proud boasting by a spouse of a husband's or wife's latest accomplishment. Workers who talk too much, who change jobs or who get pirated by another company — these are the everyday worries of corporate security directors.

"Industrial espionage is an overrated topic of conversation," Purvis said. "It's rather mundane, really." It all sounds like pretty tame stuff. So why all the guards, the internal TV monitors, the secured doors, combination locks and sealed rooms along the high-technology corridors at Texas Instruments or wherever else in corporate America there is inventive, competitive work under way? Because every now and then, a real spy shows up and blows everyone cool.

Court records are full of instances which suggest that nefarious forces frequently poke around the business world. Tales abound of spies in the sky, bugs in the boardroom, secret agents in the trash and hidden cameras everywhere. This snooping is carried out by both amateurs and professionals for enticing fees. It is motivated by the hope of finding a shortcut to the end of the other guy's rainbow.

Corporate espionage has always been a more thriving business than companies care to acknowledge. And today it is as widespread sophisticated and lucrative as ever.

"It's a very active field," said Timothy Walsh, a top consultant on security matters who lists as clients a number of high-tech corporations. "And the level of awareness that such activity goes on is currently up."

Accurate figures on losses to U.S. industry caused by espionage are, of course, hard to come by. It's a subject few businesses care to talk about. The U.S. Commerce Department, pursuing an ambitious study on business crime, has been unsuccessful at compiling spy data. "It's become more of an important discussion item with us in recent months," said Sharon Roach, a government researcher. "But we have an information gap."

Even the American Society for Industrial Security in Washington, which holds seminars on all sorts of security issues from tramping bar wire to fencing off the Mafia, has never devoted a session to industrial spying. "Our members don't seem to want to discuss it," said E. J. Criscuolo Jr., the society's executive director. "I imagine it's too sensitive a subject."

But there is no question that the damage done by a secret exposed can be considerable. In one case several years ago, Monsanto valued a simple set of stolen financial plans at \$1 million. In another celebrated case, IBM estimated it lost \$160 million in sales as a result of designs for a new piece of computer equipment that ended up in the hands of competitors before the equipment even appeared on the market.

The costs and chances of espionage have only been compounded by the multiplication of items worth stealing, from pricing plans and strategy papers to research and development schemes. A number of other developments have been conspiring to keep spying on rise. Among them:

—The hectic scramble for profits, making some managements more willing to stoop to



FURRY WEATHER: Pity the poor Norwegian blinco, the breed which contributed the furs worn by these three models.



unsavory methods.

—A high degree of executive mobility, causing a corresponding decline in loyalty to a given corporation.

—The mounting value of products and processes developed in U.S. research labs, giving the corporate spy more valuable things to steal.

—The reluctance of companies to make certain secrets, given the weakened state of the U.S. patent system.

—The widespread tendency for otherwise alert companies to put all their corporate secrets into a computer — and then fail to guard that computer carefully enough.

Also, industrial espionage has taken on an international character lately, reflecting the more competitive nature of world markets. Leaders of several U.S. semiconductor companies recently complained about suspicious snooping by the Japanese, who have been scurrying frantically to gain a technological edge in the field.

The allegations have been directed at so-called "liaison" offices set up by such companies as Fujitsu and Hitachi, two of Japan's top semiconductor and computer manufacturers. These offices, which serve as bases for Japanese engineers visiting and studying in the United States, are located on the San Francisco peninsula in the heart of the American electronics community.

The Japanese say all their information-gathering efforts are above-board, such as attending conferences and courses or commissioning technical and market studies from local data houses. But U.S. competitors have charged that the liaison men cultivate secret personal contacts within local companies, track down executives and engineers who change jobs to pump them for information, and engage in further questionable surveillance.

The Americans concede that much of their concern is based more on a general suspicion

than any specific proof of illegality. They have yet to produce evidence solid enough to convict a Japanese company. "It's just a feeling," said John O'Loughlin, director of security for Intel, a leading semiconductor company. "We haven't really uncovered anything. It's like grasping for smoke."

However, there is some precedent to support the belief that military secrets aren't the only kind of secrets foreigners go after. In the early 1960s, Japan was reported to have established in Tokyo a training school for industrial spies. Several years ago, the FBI broke a Romanian spy ring which had tried to steal from the Ford Motor Co. the plans for a special glass-making process.

And last summer, the U.S. attorney's office in South Carolina announced a new indictment against Mitsubishi Plastics Industries and Mitsubishi Chemical Industries, along with several others, in an alleged conspiracy to bribe a plant manager and buy secrets belonging to Celanese Corp. pertaining to the manufacture of a high-quality polyester film.

As might be expected, top officials at major U.S. firms

deny they ever initiate spy probes against either their domestic or foreign competition. The chances of getting caught are too great, they say, and the stigma of being branded a secret-stealer is not worth the effort. Companies, it seems, are less benign about countering espionage than are foreign governments.

"That doesn't mean an individual might not elect to find out something on his own," said Texas Instruments' Purvis. "Individuals may do some of that stupid stuff, but corporations wouldn't tolerate it. They have too much to lose."

Stiff laws against use of trade secrets also have discouraged some companies from using information stolen from a competitor by a third party. In a case about to go to trial in California, National Semiconductor, an electronics company, allegedly was offered copies of designs belonging to Intel, a competitor, by the owner of a local computer design firm.

The scheme was foiled because National Semiconductor, in a not-so-uncommon display of we - want - nothing - to -

do - with - this - sort - of thing, notified Intel and the local police, and strung the consultant along into a trap.

Those who make a living in the spy and counterespionage business insist that the James Bond aspects of their trade have been overplayed because these are the most dramatic. But there is a variety of technically advanced paraphernalia on the market for the resourceful spy.

The well-equipped spy now has at his disposal microphones no bigger than a shirt button, amplifiers the size of a finger-nail, fountain pens that contain sophisticated listening devices and tiny tape recorders that easily can be hidden amid the clutter of an executive's desk drawer.

He has plenty of other electronic aids as well: parabolic microphones that can pick up a conversation in ordinary tones 100 meters away; infrared snapper-scopes that can read small print at the same distance — and in the park, "spike" makes that resemble nails and

which can be driven into a wall and will detect conversations within 100 meters.

Robert Rosberg, an official of Mosier Electronic Systems (now a subsidiary of American Standard), described a device smaller than a cube of sugar that contains its own transmitter and batteries. "You can put it in an olive, drop it in a glass and use the toothpick as an antenna," said Rosberg.

To block the electronic snop, companies have invested in an equally exotic — and expensive — array of counterespionage equipment. Many firms use a set of wiretap-detection machines, which alone can cost \$10,000. It has become standard procedure in many instances to "sweep" meeting rooms just prior to important conferences.

Many companies also are likely to have invested in sophisticated scrambling devices to protect computer microwave transmissions. "At one time, these devices were considered exotic by industry," said the consultant. "Now they are less expensive and more effective." — (WF)

## ANNOUNCEMENT

As the first English language newspaper in the Kingdom, "Arab News" has established itself as a complete information service and has earned the confidence of readers and advertisers.

"Arab News" has also sought to present a special economic service by publishing "Saudi Business" weekly which provides information for businessmen and economists inside and outside the Kingdom.

Their sister publication "Asharq Al-Awsat" is the first truly international Arabic daily which, although only a few months old, has achieved wide circulation and is now printed in London and Jeddah and will soon be printed in the Gulf and Frankfurt, West Germany.

The three publications published by the Saudi Research and Marketing Company of Jeddah, have a large circulation and cover a wide geographic area of distribution through which advertisers can achieve brilliant results.

Saudi Research and Marketing Company and Tihama Company for Advertising, Public Relations and Marketing Studies, have reached an agreement under which Tihama will have the advertising franchise for the three publications as of April 1, 1979. Tihama will be the sole advertising representative for the three publications inside and outside Saudi Arabia.

Clients of the three publications are requested to contact Tihama in Jeddah, its branches in Riyadh, Dammam and Mecca or its representatives in Taif and Medina, for their advertising in these publications as of April 1, 1979.

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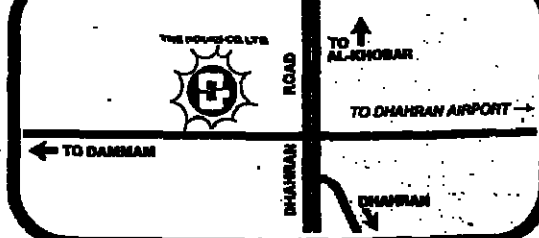
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السوق



## Beats Ashe in 3 hours

## McEnroe defeats nerves to take Masters tourney

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 (AP) — Nineteen-year-old John McEnroe rallied and won his first big title Sunday, defeating veteran Arthur Ashe 6-7, 6-3, 7-5 in a tense three-hour final at the \$400,000 Grand Prix Masters tennis tournament.

"I knew Arthur was a great player, I was just hoping he wouldn't prove it today," said McEnroe, who had to save two match points in the third set and win six of the last seven games to take the first prize of \$100,000.

Some expected the 35-year-old Ashe would be an easy opponent and McEnroe thought the match would be decided on who served better. But that wasn't the way it turned out.

In the opening set, as Ashe hammered his serves deep and hard, McEnroe's service went to pieces.

Ashe, the heavy favorite of the 17,000 Madison Square Garden crowd, opened the match in style, winning the first game at love as McEnroe failed to return a single serve.

Nerves

McEnroe's nerves and ser-

vice problems reached their height at the tenth. He had three set points and blew them all by double faulting.

He managed advantage on deuce once, when Ashe hit a defensive lob long. But the youngster, a pained expression permanently fixed on his face, blew an easy overhead on the next point, then made two backhand errors to give Ashe the game.

Each held service at love to force the tiebreaker. McEnroe began taking more time with his serve but now his first volleys became unreliable. Ashe won the tiebreaker, 7-5 on a service winner. The set took 57 minutes.

McEnroe broke Ashe's service in the second set to make it 3-1 and broke it again to win the set easily at 6-3.

Ashe got the first break of the final set for 3-1, winning the game on McEnroe's double fault. Ashe then held his service a 4-1 lead before McEnroe began his comeback in the sixth game, winning all four points on strong serves, and racing on to 4-4.

Nasr moves on top

## Rain snatches victory from Ittihad

By David Smith  
JEDDAH, Jan. 15 — The Premier Division match between Al-Ittihad and Al-Nahda in Jeddah Monday was abandoned after 54 minutes when torrential rain made further play impossible. The sides were level at 1-1 when the referee put an end to the proceedings.

In Dammam, second-placed Al-Nasr moved ahead of Al-Hilal at the top of the table with a 1-0 victory over Al-Kadasiya. Agrabai was the scorer with a half-time penalty.

Ittihad will be disappointed with the postponement as it had been in control of the game during an entertaining first half. Midfield player Theo Buecker was once again the lynchpin of the Ittihad side with several surging runs from deep in his own half and numerous searching passes into the heart of the Dammam defense.

Up front Issa Hamdan and center-forward Sjoberg responded to his prompting with some penetrative running, and it was Hamdan in fact who put the Jeddah side ahead with a goal in the 12th minute, his sixth of the season.

Ittihad should have gone further ahead on the half-hour

mark when Abu Samra and Othman Marzooq missed good opportunities to score. A neat through ball from Buecker gave Abu Samra a clear run at goal, but the tall striker allowed the advancing goal-keeper to block the shot. Issa Hamdan picked up the loose ball and turned it back across goal to Marzooq who hurried his shot and blazed the ball high over the crossbar.

Nahda refused to give up in the face of this pressure and showed some clever attacking skills, especially on the wings. The Dammam side actually had the ball in the net in the 30th minute, but the referee mysteriously disallowed the goal despite the frantic protests of the Nahda forwards.

Ittihad went in at half-time one goal ahead, but must have hoped to add to that score. The weather however had other ideas, and shortly before the restart the dark clouds opened and rain began to drive across the stadium.

The match got under way for the second half despite the rain and within a minute Al-Nahda had equalized.

A left wing cross was headed clear by Buecker, but when the ball was turned back into the crowded penalty area it was a Nahda foot that was

Blow

Ashe held at love in the next game and reached match point twice on McEnroe's serve. But Ashe hit a backhand into the net on the first opportunity, then blew the second by hitting a service return long.

McEnroe won the decisive break in the next game and went on to win the match with a 7-5 set.

McEnroe also won the doubles with partner Peter Fleming, defeating Tom Okker of the Netherlands and Wojtek Fibak of Poland 6-3, 6-4 in Saturday night's final. Since the doubles winners shared \$40,000, McEnroe earned \$120,000 in this tournament.

Navratilova wins  
OAKLAND, California, Jan. 15 (AP)—Martina Navratilova held off a second-set rally by Chris Evert Sunday night and went on to beat her arch rival 7-5, 7-5 to win the \$125,000 women's tennis tournament at the Oakland Coliseum Arena. It was the top seed's first victory in four matches since she won the Wimbledon title last July.



PAINED: John McEnroe, a pained expression permanently on his face, need three hours to conquer nerves and a tenacious Arthur Ashe for his first major tournament title at the Masters.

## Bullets' Unseld helps Bucks beat off Bulls

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 (AP) — New rules inspired by treatment of Wes Unseld of the Washington Bullets helped the Milwaukee Bucks to victory over the Chicago Bulls Sunday night.

Under the rules, any foul away from the ball in the last two minutes is treated as a technical foul. Instead of the fouled player getting one or two free throws, his team is

permitted to designate a shooter for one free throw and also keeps possession of the ball.

The rule was introduced after Seattle, trying to rally in the seventh game of the NBA playoff finals against Washington last June, attempted to make up lost ground by purposely fouling Unseld, a relatively poor free-throw shooter. The idea was that he might miss and the Bulls could regain possession of the ball.

The strategy didn't work, since Unseld made his foul shots and the Bulls went on to win. But the idea of players purposely wrapping themselves around someone who is 30 feet away from the ball led to the rule change.

Sunday it was the Bulls, trailing by just two points at 101-99, who fouled Milwaukee's Quip Buckner away from the ball with six seconds left. But under the Unseld rule, the Bucks sent Brian Winters, an 87 per cent shooter, to the line instead of Buckner, a 59 per center.

## Weather wrecks English program

LONDON, Jan. 15 (AP) — Monday night's English F.A. Cup soccer program has been hit by the icy weather that has wrecked soccer schedules in Britain for the past three weeks.

Morning pitch inspections ruled out play at Hartlepool, Preston, Stoke, Wrexham and Newcastle. Liverpool's third round replay at Southend had already been switched to Wednesday night.

## Europe weekend soccer roundup

LONDON, Jan. 15 (Agencies)—Results of European First Division soccer matches played over the weekend:

Italy  
Ascoli 2, Fiorentina 1  
Atalanta 2, Roma 0  
Bologna 0, Milan 1  
Catanzaro 0, Napoli 0  
Inter 2, Avelino 0  
Juventus 1, L. Vicenza 2  
Lazio 0, Perugia 0  
Verona 0, Torino 1

Greece  
AEK 4, Larisa 2  
Egaleo 1, OFI 0  
Apollon 1, Aris 2

Spain  
Hercules 3, Valencia 0  
Salamanca 1, Racing 0  
Barcelona 9, Rayo 0  
Athletic 2, Zaragoza 2  
Burgos 1, Espanol 0  
Recreativo 0, Atletico 1  
Celta 1, Sporting 1

Yugoslavia 2, Kavala 1  
Kastoria 0, Iraklis 0  
Panathinaikos 2, Panionios 0  
Panachaiki 1, Ethnikos 0  
PAOK 5, Panserai 0  
Olympiakos 4, Rodos 1  
Olympiakos 4, Rodos 1

W. Germany  
Stuttgart 3, Kaiserslautern 0  
E. Frankfurt 3, Schalke 1  
Hertha 1, Darmstadt 0

The remaining six matches were cancelled because of bad weather.

## For title hopes

## U.S. hearing crucial to Knoetze

MIAMI BEACH, Florida, Jan. 15 (AP) — Heavyweight Kallie Knoetze, a no-frills power puncher, says he can whip Larry Holmes anytime and would like nothing better than to meet his idol, Muhammad Ali, in the ring.

But it will first take some fancy footwork by his attorneys to keep the South African boxer's title hopes alive. Knoetze knocked out Bill Sharkey Saturday in the fourth round for his 17th victory, 16 of them knockouts, in 19 professional matches. After overpowering the smaller Sharkey, Knoetze predicted great things for himself.

"I will be the next champion," he said. "It took Muhammad Ali 15 years to bring boxing up to where it is now. I want to take it farther."

Asked how he would do against the quick Holmes, the World Boxing Council's champion, Knoetze said: "I can beat Holmes anytime. He has a big jaw. One bomb and he's gone. You can hit his jaw with your eyes closed."

Holmes must defend his title against Ken Norton in April. WBC Secretary General Anisio to Manrique said in San Juan, Puerto Rico Sunday.

Holmes won the title in a fight against Norton and retained it in a fight against nationalized Spaniard Alfredo Evangelista.

Manrique told reporters Holmes can continue to defend his title in other fights but must fight Norton by April to substantiate his claim.

Ali is the champion of the World Boxing Association, which ranks Knoetze as its No. 2 challenger.

"I hope my next fight is for the world championship —

Muhammad Ali's championship. But my manager says I must go up the ladder," Knoetze said.

Knoetze will have trouble getting the bouts he needs to move up the ladder unless he is able to fight in the United States.

His first U.S. fight came after two weeks of civil rights protests and legal moves that will continue this week. The State Department revoked Knoetze's visa, because of his conviction obstructing justice in the coercion of witnesses, a felony, in the United States. However,

## Puerto Rican outpunches Palomino for WBC crown

SAN JUAN, Puerto Rico, Jan. 15 (AP)—Wilfredo Benitez of Puerto Rico used lightning-quick combinations and effective counter-punching to hammer out a 15-round split decision over Carlos Palomino Sunday, and win the World Boxing Council welterweight title.

The 29-year-old Palomino, making his eighth title defense, found his own punching power neutralized by Benitez's quickness, and the champion was unable to land any really damaging punches.

In the latter part of the fight, when Palomino usually is most effective, Benitez fought frequently off the ropes, scoring with punches to Palomino's head.

Palomino, a Mexican-American living in California, admitted after the fight "Benitez

Federal Judge Norman C. Roettger ruled the visa was improperly revoked and placed Knoetze under the protection of a temporary restraining order.

Ali at benefit  
LONDON, Jan. 15 (AP) — World heavyweight boxing champion Muhammad Ali showed up in a London suburban theater Sunday at a benefit concert for former British heavyweights champion Joe Erskine.

Erskine, 44, is unemployed and suffers from ill health. Ali flew in Saturday from Los Angeles.

was much faster" and blamed his defeat on nine months of inactivity after breaking his right hand.

Palomino, who weighed 146½, took the offensive in the middle rounds, advancing almost continuously against Benitez, 146 pounds and nine years Palomino's junior.

## Chess laurels fall to Swede

HASTINGS, England, Jan. 15 (AP) — Ulf Andersson, a 27-year-old Swedish Grandmaster, won the Grandmasters' tournament at the annual Hastings International Chess Congress which ended Sunday.

It was his first success in the important event. He remained unbeaten as the result of a take-no-chances drawn game, playing white against Soviet Grandmaster Evgeny Vasiukov in 20 moves.

## ScanDutch

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## EEC blames U.S. for failure of export credit talks

BRUSSELS, Jan. 15 (AP) — The European Common Market Monday put the responsibility for the new failure in international export credit talks in Paris on the United States.

In an official press release, issued here Monday, the Common Market Commission claimed the Common Market had constantly contributed to exploratory talks held in Paris,

Brussels and Washington, and, like other participants, it had made further contributions in last week's Paris talks, which could facilitate progress, but the U.S. delegation quit before the meeting had ended, saying it was not interested anymore.

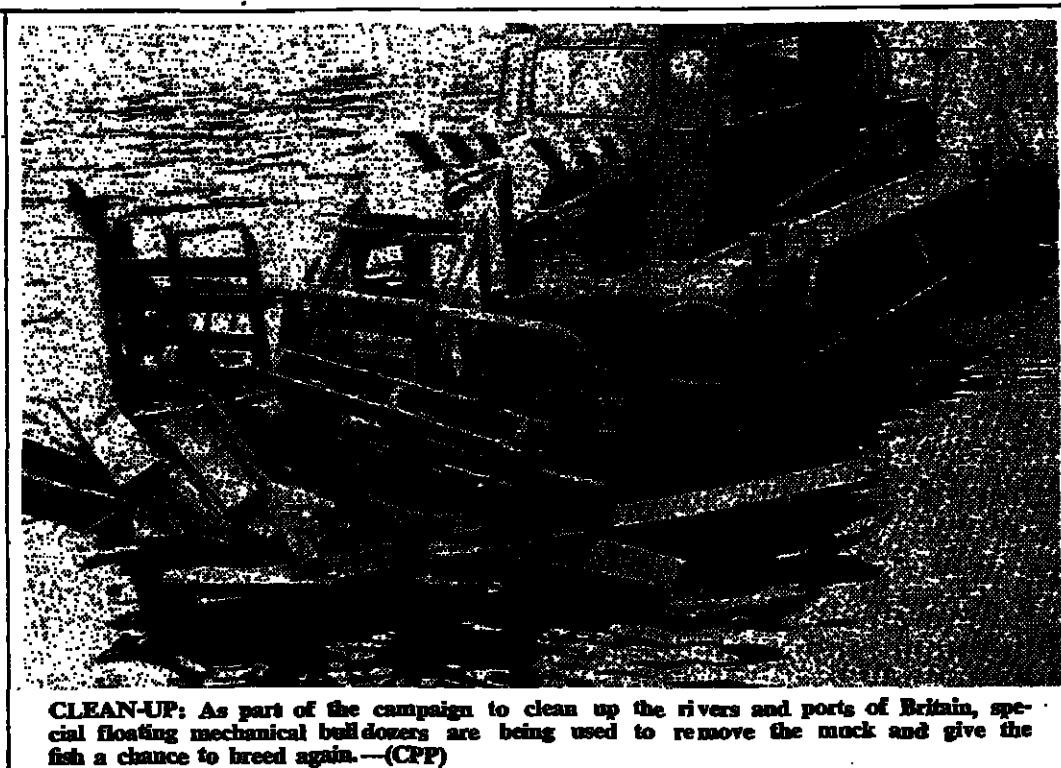
The talks were on the possible addition to the arrangement of state-financed export credit of agriculture, planes and nuclear plants.

## Iraqi aide in Spain to boost trade ties

MADRID, Jan. 15 (R) — Iraqi Commerce Minister Hassan Ali arrived Monday for an official visit and talks with Spanish officials on increasing trade between the two countries.

At present there is a huge imbalance in bilateral trade in favor of Iraq, Spanish Commerce Minister Jose Antonio Gargia Diaz said.

Iraq sells \$500 million worth of goods — mainly oil — to Spain while Spanish exports to Iraq total only \$50 million.



CLEAN-UP: As part of the campaign to clean up the rivers and ports of Britain, special floating mechanical bulldozers are being used to remove the muck and give the fish a chance to breed again. —(CPR)

### Protesting bank strikes

## Indian traders shut up shop

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15 (AP) — In a protest against strikes and slowdowns by bank em-

ployees, traders and businessmen closed their shops in two parts of India Monday, bringing commercial activity to a halt, the United News of India reported.

The protest in Gujarat State, western India, and Bangalore, South India, followed last week's one-day strike by Bombay's business community when about 20,000 shops and stores closed their shutters and private trucks and buses went off the roads.

Traders in Gujarat and Bangalore, capital of Karnataka state, southeast of Bombay, criticized the nationwide "go-slow and irresponsible behavior of bank employees." They are demanding higher wages and cost of living allowances and a link between bank profits and annual bonuses.

Meanwhile, Prime Minister Morarji Desai, referring to the agitating bank personnel, told reporters in Bhopal, north India, "We will not submit to anybody's threat. They get more (pay) than others." But he announced no measures to end the agitation which has crippled much of India's financial activity for weeks.

More than 500,000 bank workers went on a two-day strike last month in support of their demands and have since waged a "work-to-rule" slowdown.

Millions of unpaid checks are piling up around the country. A longer full-scale strike has been threatened soon.

In Bangalore, no checks have been cleared since Dec. 23.

India's bank employees are among the country's best paid white collar workers. A teller with two years' experience gets monthly pay of about \$87 plus a yearly bonus equal to a month's pay.

### Abu Dhabi denies boost in oil output

ABU DHABI, Jan. 15 (UPI) — An official spokesman at the Abu Dhabi Petroleum Department Monday denied reports that the emirate has increased its oil output to compensate for the oil shortage facing the world's market due to the stoppage of Iranian oil, the daily "Al-Wakeel" said.

The newspaper quoted its sources as saying that the Abu Dhabi oil production has been at its "normal level" since last year.

## Eradicating roots of poverty vital, World Bank aide says

WINDSOR, England, Jan. 15 (R) — The eradication of absolute poverty among the populations of the developing world is a first priority of the next 10 years of development, World Bank Vice President William Clark has said.

Addressing a world seminar of development journalists, Clark said Sunday night, "The bank now realizes that the most urgent action must be in rural areas so that people can produce food. But eradicating absolute poverty is the high priority."

"It is better to tackle water supplies and eliminate grinding poverty than to try to increase annual income to 1,500 to 2,000 dollars a year throughout a country's population. It's true that with that level of income grinding poverty would disappear, but it would take well beyond the year 2000," he said.

He told participants at the seminar organized by the World Bank and the independent British Overseas Development Institute, that the developing countries were now asking if there be more transfer of resources from rich states to the poor and how much part they would have in the decision-making process.

"After the OPEC price increase, members of the Third World have seen how to get money out of the rich by right and not charity," he said. "This has meant a renewed militancy by Third World countries who want to see a new international economic order."

"Perhaps when the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) meets in May they may get some real changes. But it will need the agreement and acceptance by the rich countries that they should allow access for

cheap manufactured goods from the developing world. An increase in the flow of resources, finances and trade will help middle income developing countries to benefit from the improving world economic position and not just aid," he added.

"This will be to the mutual

benefit of both the producer and the consumer," he said. But Clark added that for the really poor countries like Bangladesh or states in the Sahel region there would be a need for very low interest loans over the next twenty years which would gradually bring them into the world economy.

### Israelis said drilling oil well in Suez Gulf

TEL AVIV, Jan. 15 (AP) — Israel Monday began drilling a new oil well at the Alma oil field in the occupied Gulf of Suez, informed sources reported.

It was the eighth well at the oil field which is scheduled to be returned to Egypt nine months after a peace treaty is signed.

The announcement came several days after Iran's new civilian premier said he would cut off Iranian oil exports to Israel.

Energy statistics are classi-

fied in Israel, but foreign reports say Iran has supplied 60 per cent of Israel's petroleum needs — about 90,000 barrels a day.

The Alma oil field currently produces about 20,000 barrels a day, and has a capacity of about 26,000 barrels.

The conditions for returning the oil field have been a point of contention between Israel and Egypt. Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan has said that the Iranian situation made the field "even more essential" to Israel than it had been before.

### Greece reports lowest inflation rate in years

ATHENS, Jan. 15 (AP) — Greece's inflation rate for 1978 totaled 11.5 per cent, the lowest figure in recent years, the government announced Monday.

The announcement said inflation was 12.8 per cent in 1977 and 1976, 15.7 per cent in 1975, and 13.5 per cent in 1974, while in 1973 it touched a record of 60.6 per cent.

It added the drop this year was a "success" in the government's anti-inflation drive pending entry as the tenth mem-

ber of the European Economic Community.

The announcement said a further success was to keep unemployment levels to 1.9 per cent of the registered labor force, which is described as "one of the lowest rates in the world."

It said the Greek economy grew by 6 per cent in 1978 over the previous year, adding that this figure was twice the average for members of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD).

## Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
* Ministry of Health	Securing of 14 cold storage units for the dead, each accommodating four bodies	492	50	Feb. 17
* Ministry of P.T.T.	Building of warehouses and garage on Al-Reel road, Riyadh	3-98/99	100	Feb. 14
* Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs	Fencing of graveyards in Moqia village and the surrounding areas, in Hail	26-96/97	2000	Mar. 5
" " "	Fencing of graveyards in Na'am, Al-Hareeq	"	1000	Mar. 6
" " "	Temporary asphalt, in some villages under Rafha municipality	92-98/99	1000	Mar. 10
" " "	Fencing of seven graveyards in villages under Rafha municipality	26-96/97	1500	Mar. 11
" " "	Fencing of graveyard in Mawan village in Duhum	"	150	Mar. 12
" " "	Fencing of graveyard in Al-Hamij village in Hana-kiah	"	200	Mar. 13
" " "	Fencing of nine graveyards in Al-Wahsha, Al-Jabour and Oweisrah villages in Al-Mindaq	"	700	Mar. 17
" " "	Reorganizing of a park at the proposed site for public library in Aflaj	"	120	Mar. 18



## PORTS AUTHORITY

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### SHIP MOVEMENTS UP TO THE MORNING OF

CHANGES PAST 24 HRS.

DATE: 17.2.1399/15.1.1979

TIME: 0700 HRS.

Vessels Working Berth No.	Name of the Ship	Agent	Type of cargo	Arrival Date
1	ASIA SAMHO	GULF	STEEL/GENERAL	9/1/1979
3	DINARA	GLOBE	GENERAL	14/1/1979
5	MARO	ORR	GENERAL/STEEL	9/1/1979
10	SITHONIA	SOEASIA	TIMBER/GENERAL	9/1/1979
15	FAIR LOAD	A.E.T.	MACHINERY	13/1/1979
17	ABUL WAFI	S.E.A.	GENERAL	14/1/1979
20	PACIFIC PRIDE	GOSABI	C. CEMENT	12/1/1979
21	WORLD CREST (D.B.)	ALIREZA	BULK CEMENT	5/1/1979
22	SEALAND PIONEER	REZAYAT	CONTAINERS	14/1/1979
26	KAVO GROSSOS	UEP	SUGAR IN BAGS	7/1/1979

#### 2-Recent Arrivals

ABUL WAFI	S.E.A.	GENERAL	14/1/1979
DINARA	GLOBE	GENERAL	14/1/1979
DANA OPTIMA	ALSAADA	TO LOAD EMPTY CONTRS	13/1/1979
SEA LAND PIONEER	REZAYAT	CONTAINERS	14/1/1979

#### 3-Vessels Expected With in 24 Hours

LIKA	KANOO		
ALOMARIAH	KANOO		
WARRI EXPRESS	GULF		
STRATHCARROL	KANOO		
JIN YANG-17	S.E.A.		
QAROUH	KANOO		
FINNMAID	S.M.C.		
STRATHLENFELS	ALIREZA		

4-Tonnages Discharged:(Freight Tons): 30945

5-Waiting Time: NIL

Note: Importers having goods on the above mentioned ships should complete their formalities as soon as possible. For any inquiries please contact the Shipping Agents.

### Israeli inflation rate at 50%

TEL AVIV, Jan. 15 (UPI)—The government-compiled consumer price index rose by 3.4 per cent in December bringing the yearly rate of inflation to almost 50 per cent, the Central Bureau of Statistics announced Monday.

### China, Thailand sign oil accord

BEIJING, Jan. 15 (UPI)—China and Thailand have signed a long-term protocol on crude oil trade in Peking. The official New China News Agency said according to the protocol, China will supply Thailand with a "certain amount" of crude oil from Shengli oilfield every year from 1979 to 1983 at a price to be agreed upon by both sides through consultations.

### Greece facing sailor shortage

ATHENS, Jan. 15 (AP)—Greece needs some 60,000 more seamen to staff its merchant fleet, the largest in the world, according to the Maritime Research Department of the official Economic and Industrial Research Institute. Three-quarters of the vacancies are in the lower ranks, the agency said.

### Western tariff barriers assailed

COLOMBO, Sri Lanka, Jan. 15 (AP)—Prime Minister Ranasinghe Premadasa voiced concern Monday over new tariff walls being erected by developed countries to protect domestic industry. Premadasa spoke at the opening of a meeting of Asian ministers preparing for a session of the U.N. Conference on Trade and Development. Decision here will reflect the views of 38 Asian nations whose inhabitants comprise nearly two thirds of the world's population.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Opening Monday	SAMA rate	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.32	3.35	3.35
Pound Sterling	6.61	6.73	6.71
Deutsche Mark	1.79 (100)	180.75	180.50
Swiss F.	1.97 (100)	202.00	199.50
French F.	0.78 (100)	79.25	79.00
Italian Lira (1000)	—	4.10	4.00
Lebanese Lira (100)	—	110.50	110.50
Syrian Lira (100)	—	81.00	86.15
Egyptian Pound	—	4.55	4.80
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	12.24	12.22
Jordanian Dinar	—	11.40	11.40
Emirate Dirham (100)	—	86.25	86.25
Qatari Riyal (100)	—	86.25	86.25
Bahraini Dinar	—	8.62	8.62
Iranian Riyal (100)	—	—	—
Iraqi Dinar	—	9.50	—
Yemeni Riyal (100)	—	74.00	73.90
South Yemeni Dinar	—	—	—
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	78.75	88.25
Indian Rupee (100)	—	36.50	41.00
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	—	34.00
Gold kg	—	23,500	—
10 Tolas bar	—	2,760	—
Silver kg bar	—	—	—
Japanese yen (100)	1.68	—	—
Canadian dollar	2.79	—	—
Belgian franc (10)	1.13	—	—
Dutch guilder	1.65	—	—
Italian Lira (100)	0.39	—	—

Cash and transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Jeddah.

SAMA rates announced by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency, based on average rates on the London Money market and the official price of the U.S. dollar.



## PORTS AUTHORITY

JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT

### SHIP MOVEMENTS UP TO THE MORNING OF 15 TH JANUARY 1979

VESSELS DISCHARGING BERTH	VESSEL	AGENT	CARGO	ARR. DATE
1A	SEASPEED AMERICA	FAYEZ	RO RO	14/1/1979
1	NORBERT	ALIREZA	VEHICLES	14/1/1979
2	EAGLE GLORY	ALSAADA	BAGGED RICE	8/1/1979
3	FLAVIA	S.N.T.	GENCONTR	13/1/1979
4	BARGES EX	KANOO	RICE/FLOUR	3/1/1979
5	ATLANTIC FOREST	—	—	—
6	TUCURINCA	M.E.S.A.	BANANAS	12/1/1979
7	SINCERE TRADER	ALWANI	GENERAL	12/1/1979
8	ZINNA	ALSAADA	BAGGED CEMENT	30/12/1978
9	CASTLE GLORY	STAR NAV.	DURRA	13/1/1979
10	PORT NEW	A.E.T.	REEFER/MACHINERY	14/1/1979
11	PLYMOUTH	—	—	—
12	HANS KREGER	ALIREZA	GENERAL	13/1/1979
13	KELKHEIM	ALSAADA	GENCONTR./MODULES	13/1/1979
14	MARE TRANQUILLO	BAROON	BAGGED CEMENT	5/1/1979
15	—	—	—	—
16	IONIAN CARRIER	ROLACO	BULK CEMENT	5/1/1979
17	—	—	—	—
18	OCEAN FREEZER	O.C.E.	CHEEKEN/VEGETABLE	5/1/1979
19	ELLI II	A.A.	BAGGED CEMENT	12/1/1979
20	—	—	—	—
21	FILIPINAS SAUDI	S.A.M.A.	ACCOMMODATION SHIP	—
22	—	—	—	—
23	PORT NELSON	REZAYAT	HOUSING UNITS	12/1/1979
24	—	—	—	—
25	VILLE DE BORDEAUX	M.T.A.	CONTAINERS	14/1/1979
26	ARVIDE	OCEAN TRD.	GENERAL/H. LIFTS	11/1/1979
27	FU CHIAO	O.C.E.	FRUITS	11/1/1979

RO RO	AGENT	CARGO	ARR. DATE
AETOS	M.T.A.	RO RO	14/1/1979
ROLON ORO	S.O.S.A.	RO-RO	14/1/1979
2-Recent Arrivals			
PORT NEW	A.E.T.	REEFER/MACHINERY	14/1/1979
PLYMOUTH	—	—	—
VILLE DE BORDEAUX	M.T.A.	CONTAINERS	14/1/1979
KELKHEIM	ALIREZA	GENERAL	13/1/1979
AETOS	ALSAADA	GENCONTR./MODULES	14/1/1979
NORBERT	FAYEZ	RO RO	14/1/1979
SEASPEED	—	—	—
AMERICA	—	—	—
CASTLE GLORY	STAR NAV.	DURRA	14/1/1979
ROLON ORO	S.O.S.A.	RO RO	14/1/1979

#### 3-Vessels Expected With in 24 Hours

AXIS NO. 1	ALWANI	GENERAL	15/1/1979
RIO DE JANEIRO	ALFRA	BAGGED SUGAR	15/1/1979
LISSABON	ALFRA	BAGGED BARLEY	15/1/1979
CHAK MING	ABDALLAH	GENERAL	15/1/1979
WALDIE EXPRESS	OCEAN TRD.	REEFER/GENERAL	15/1/1979
CONCORDIA TALE	ALSAADA	GENERAL	15/1/1979
REGINA S	RED SRA	CONTAINERS/GENERAL	15/1/1979
WAGLAN ISLAND	ALATAS	TO LOAD EMPTY	15/1/1979
AL BUZZI	ALSAADA	CONTAINERS	15/1/1979
OCEAN HARVEST	A.E.T.	GENCONTR./MODULES	15/1/1979
NEDLOVD	ALATAS	CONTAINERS	15/1/1979
MARETRADER	REZAYAT	CONTAINERS	15/1/1979
OAKLAND	BARBER	CONTAINERS/GENERAL	15/1/1979
TALESMAN	A.E.T.	LASH BARGES	15/1/1979
ROBERT-LEE	—	RO RO	15/1/1979
MERZARIO	—	—	—
AUSONIA	—	—	—
ALFA EXPRESS	AL GOSABI	RO RO	15/1/1979
SAUDI CROWN	ALIREZA	RO RO	15/1/1979

4-Tonnages Discharged: (Freight Tons): 64,628

5-WAITING TIME-NIL

Importers having goods on the abovementioned ships should complete their formalities as soon as possible. For any enquiries please contact the Shipping Agents.



# arab news

**International Finance**  
International Bourse, commodities, Money and Exchange Rates

## EXCHANGE RATES AND LONDON GOLD

## WORLD STOCK MARKETS بورصات العالم

Time Ins.	41%	41%	Thompson Cons.	142%	142%
Time Ins.	32%	32%	Union Corporation	276	276
Timber	52%	53	Vald Rich Br. Mfg.	194	194
Time Ins.	43	43	Wellman	342	377%
Trans.	17	17	West Driffield	28%	28%
Trans.	19	19	Western Dep.	510	510 1/2
Trans. Union	29	29	Western Railroad	276	276
Trans. Way	21%	21%	Windschmitz Mfrs.	830	840
T W Corp	19	19%	Woolman	297%	285
Trans.	26%	26%	Woolrich Copper Inv.	12%	12%
Ty. Cent.	18%	18%			
Ty. Oil & Gas	31%	31%			
T. W. & Co.	36%	36%			
28th Century	31%	31%			
U. A. I.	30%	31%			
U. A. R. C.	58%	58%			
U. G. I.	17%	17%			
U. H. W.	61%	61%			
U. I. W.	43%	43			
Union Bancorp.	28%	28			
Union Ins.	33%	33%			
Union Const.	33%	33%			
Union Const. & Bldg.	57%	56%			
Union Pacific	53	53			
Univ. of Pa.	6%	6%			
Univ. of Pa.	19%	19%			
US Bancorp.	27%	27%			
US Steel	27	27%			
US System	23	23			
U. S. G.	24	24			
U. S. G.	28%	28%			
U. S. Indus.	23%	23%			
Virginia Elect.	14%	14%			
Waggon	27	26%			
Wagon	21%	21%			
Warner Comm.	47%	47			
Warner Lambert	56%	52			
Warner Lambert	29%	29%			
Wells-Fargo	25%	25%			
Western	25%	25%			
Western N. Amer.	25%	25%			
Western Union	16%	16%			
Western Union	17%	17%			
Western Union	25%	25%			
White Cons.	19%	19%			
White Cons.	16%	16%			
William Co.	16%	16%			
Wm. H. W.	24%	24%			
Woolworth	31%	31%			
Wyly	5%	5%			
Xerox	57%	57%			
Yazoo	13%	13%			
Zachry Bldg.	14%	14%			
US Trust, 6% 1980	94%	94%			
US Trust, 7% 1985	94%	94%			
US 90 Day Bill	9.25%	9.25%			

## COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL

Stock	January 11	January 12
Allied Breweries	83 1/2	84 1/4
Babcock & Wilcox	132	151
Beecham Group	63 1/4	63 1/4
BICC	12 1/2	12 1/2
Bac Chemical	17 1/2	20 1/4
BCC International	65 1/2	67
Beca Cos. Ltd.	19 1/4	19 1/4
Bowater Corp.	17 1/4	17 1/4
R.A.T. Industries	28 1/2	27 1/2
Rohm & Haas	17 1/2	17 1/2
Rubbar (India) & Co.	36	36
Carbury Schweppes	38	52 1/2
Chemical Union	14 1/2	14 1/2
Courtdale	113 1/2	117
De La Rue Co.	36 1/4	36 1/4
Digglebury Co.	28 1/2	28 1/2
Drilling Holdings	64	61
EMI	148 1/2	136 1/2
Fisons	32 1/2	28 1/2
Glaxo	30 1/4	30 1/4
General Electric	206	206
Glass Holdings	11 1/2	11 1/2
Glaxo Metapharm	11 1/2	11 1/2
Gr. Unley, Shaw & A.	314	312
Imperial Royal Ex.	224	218
GKN	223 1/4	224
Hawker Siddeley	234	234
Hewlett P.	21 1/2	21 1/4
ICI	13 1/2	13 1/2
ICI (UK) Cover	15 1/4	15 1/4
Lafayette & General	150 1/2	146 1/2
London Brick Co.	66 1/4	66 1/4
Luncheon Industries	28 1/2	29 1/2
Lyons Ind. Int'l Ltd.	16 1/2	16 1/2
P & O	87 1/4	87 1/4
Phillips	88 1/2	90
Plazco Co.	11 1/2	11 1/2
Prudential Assn.	146 1/2	144 1/2
Rank Organisation	27 1/2	27 1/2
Rockwell & Co.	44 1/4	43 1/4
Roof International	156 1/2	156 1/2
Rio Alton Zinc Corp.	246 1/2	246 1/2
Saint Insurance	35 1/2	35 1/2
Sulphur	36 1/2	36 1/2
Tate & Lyle	182	182
Thorn Electrical	34	34
Tube Investments	374	374
Turner & Newall	161 1/4	161 1/4
UDC Corp.	90	90
Unilever	540	534
Victoria	196 1/2	188 1/2
Westwair Ltd.	62 1/2	62

Schering	261 1/2	261 1/2
Sherrill	298 1/2	298 1/2
Suez Zacher	251 1/2	251 1/2
Tayson A.G.	115 1/2	116 1/2
Verder	17 1/2	18 1/2
VERBA	136 1/2	136 1/2
Vollmer & West Bank	398	397
Vötsch	251 1/2	251 1/2

### FABES

	Closing Jan. 11	Closing Jan. 12	Price Feb.
Corbelle			
Air Liquide	415.00	417.00	
ASFA Nevada Beams	572	579	
Saff Mactams	590	59.00	
CGP	140.00	145.00	
CGP	140.00	145.00	
Credit Foncier	407.50	418.50	
Macchine	475	480	
Macchine	127	127	
Macchine	1132	1207	
Macchine	218.00	220	
Pechang	655	655	
Progr. Group	525	521.00	
Philips	52.60	53.70	
Pratt & Whitney	125.90	121.50	
Rhone-Poulenc	212.00	208.50	
Thomson	295.00	295.00	
Thomson	241.00	239.00	
Unioir	12.60	12.88	
Group A			
Agip	538	527	
Charger Renault	190.10	207.50	
Euro	81.38	81.80	
Chenel Lafayette	111	116	
Perrier	356	399.90	
Petroleum	504	511	
Praxair	37.50	36.00	
Unilever	264.00	262.50	
Unioir	107.50	109.28	
Group B			
Cardinal	1985	2000	
CFC	128.50	128.70	
CIT	127.00	139	
Chenel Europe	62.50	62.50	
Plas	561.00	561.00	
Perrier	397	397	
Mon-Hennessy	587	593.00	
Nord	179.20	179.20	
Orfè	109.28	109.28	
Mon-Hennessy	36.00	36.00	
Chenel Technique	42	42	
Saint Gobain	150.80	150.80	
Group C			
Chenel	484	489	
Gen. Chemicals	321.70	321.70	
Intel	53.00	53.00	

BANKING		Jan. 12	Jan. 11	Price
Alexander Bros. Co.	259	265		
Allen Irish Bank	246	247		
ANZ Banking Pl.	348	336		
Bank of Canada	312	312		
Bank N.S.W. S.A.	297	297		
Bank of Scotland Pl.	297	297		
Bank of Western A.	297	297		
Carver Ryder J.	279	279		
Cash Discount 20p	77	77		
Cerrado Discount	130	130		
Gibson's Bank	117	118		
Guarantee Gen. Corp.	117	118		
Hambros	189	189		
Hill Sec.	85	85		
Hong Sing S.S. 50	278	269		
Kyrgyz Umanov	46	46		
Kyrgyz Umanov	100	101		
Lloyd's Bank Pl.	298	295		
Machinery Secs.	216	216		
Midland Bank Pl.	375	375		
Mt. & Com. Bk.	84	84		
Nat. West. Pl.	295	295		
Schroders Pl.	383	383		
Shanghai S.S. Co.	434	434		
Union Bank Pl.	313	318		

OIL		Jan. 12	Jan. 11	Price
British Petroleum	908	908		
Burmah Oil Co.	89	89		
Chartered B.	25	25		
KCA International	33	33		
Ldn. & Soc. Mar. (Sis)	383	383		
Ldn. & Soc. Mar. (Ow)	434	434		
Oil Exploration	228	228		
Premer Con. Oil.	144	144		
Royal Dutch Pl.	144.90	144.90		
Shell	902 1/2	902 1/2		
Shell Transport	563	563		
Treacrest	154	152		
Ultramar	215	218		

CLOSING		Closing	Closing
		Jan. 12	Jan. 11
Price Swiss Fr.	1310	1309	
Aluminium	1700	1690	
BBC A.	1280	1275	
Chn Gelsy (Fr. 100)	1200	1175	
Chn Gelsy (Fr. 100)	910	910	
Chn Gelsy Reg.	672	666	
Credit Suisse	2318	2294	
Electrochem	1875	1845	
Fischer	695	595	
Hoffmann Part. Car.	73069	71750	
Hoffmann (Sisul)	89	7135	
Interfr.	3475	3475	
Johann (Fr. 100)	1485	1460	
Nestle (Fr. 100)	3530	3525	
Nestle (Fr. 100)	2375	2375	
Onfron B. (Fr. 250)	2520	2540	
Pirelli SIF (Fr. 100)	4972	4972	
Sandell (Fr. 250)	2952	2986	
Sandell (Fr. 250)	300 1/2	300 1/2	
Schaffner Car. (Fr. 100)	383	380	
Sulzer Ckt (Fr. 100)	338	342	
Sulzer (Fr. 350)	897	797	
Swiss Bank (Fr. 100)	379	371	
Swiss (Fr. 250)	4900	4975	

CLOSING		CLOSING	
Jan. 10	Jan. 11	Jan. 10	Jan. 11
Price Index			
Bergan Bank	107.50	107.75	
Bergman	68.50	69.00	
Creditall	116.00	116.75	
Knudsen	290.00	295.00	
Creditall	117.00	117.00	
Stacy	182.00	183.00	
Stacy	92.00	92.50	

CLOSING		CLOSING	
Jan. 10	Jan. 11	Jan. 10	Jan. 11
Price Index			
Creditall	342	342	
Permanor	270	270	
Selcra	580	577	
Sempert	75	73	
Stacy	291	290	
Valt	246	250	

CLOSING		CLOSING	
Jan. 10	Jan. 11	Jan. 10	Jan. 11
Price Index			
Creditall	342	342	
Permanor	270	270	
Selcra	580	577	
Sempert	75	73	
Stacy	291	290	
Valt	246	250	

Closing		Closing		Closing		Closing	
Jan. 11		Jan. 12		Jan. 12		Jan. 11	
Price Fm.				Price Yrs			
<b>Forward Market</b>				<b>Alkal Trading</b>			
ACCE	439	445	Amal Oil	168	168	454	454
ARB	2315	2375	Amal Glass	357	358	364	364
CB	654	664	Bank of India	823	823	823	823
Brascon	491	494	Brigandante Tire	537	545	545	545
Bras-Lambert	1678	1679	Chiyoda	740	740	750	750
CC	592	592	Chinca Power	1118	1120	1120	1120
De Caen	199	199	Chinca Watch	495	495	495	495
De Buss	582	582	Dukado	363	363	363	363
EBES	6740	6740	Dai Nippon Printing	573	573	573	573
CB-Immo-BM	2535	2546	Dai Nippon Tidy	285	285	285	285
CB-Immo-BM	2430	2410	Ebara Motors	495	502	502	502
Metrolin	2685	2790	Fuji Spinning	155	155	155	155
Metrolin	2542	2595	Fuji Text	477	477	477	477
Metrolin	1536	1582	Hitachi	778	778	778	778
Metrolin	778	778	Honda Motor	525	525	525	525
Metrolin	2069	2080	Hitachi	118	118	118	118
Metrolin	2478	2529	Hitachi	1238	1238	1238	1238
Metrolin	118	118	Hitachi	1238	1238	1238	1238
Metrolin	146	146	Hitachi	146	146	146	146
Metrolin	1680	1720	Hitachi	1680	1720	1720	1720
<b>Cash Market</b>				<b>Cash Market</b>			
Assurance Gen	8620	8640	Assurance Gen	8620	8640	8640	8640
Gen. Motor	4370	4370	Gen. Motor	4370	4370	4370	4370
Gen. Sec. Europe	3150	3150	Gen. Sec. Europe	3150	3150	3150	3150

[illegible][illegible]

Argentine	353 1/2			
Australia	125	125		
Brazil	125	125		
Canada's B.C. (R/90)	285	285		
Canada's P.E.I. (R/90)	175	175		
U.S. Industrial B.	213	213		
Healthcare	134 1/2	134 1/2		
Technology	131 1/2	131 1/2		
Financial	138 1/2	138 1/2		
Commodity	139	139		
Energy, Diversified	167 1/2	167 1/2		
Telecom	357	357		
Food	357	357		
Chemicals	357	357		
Healthcare	357	357		
Technology	357	357		
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Energy, Diversified	357	357		
Telecom	357	357		
Food	357	357		
Chemicals	357	357		
Healthcare	357	357		
Technology	357	357		
Financial	357	357		
Commodity	357	357		
Energy, Diversified	357	357		
Telecom	357	357		
Food	357	357		
Chemicals	357	357		
Healthcare	357	357		
Technology	357	357		
Financial	357	357		
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Energy, Diversified	357	357		
Telecom	357	357		
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Energy, Diversified	357	357		
Telecom	357	357		
Food	357	357		
Chemicals	357	357		
Healthcare	357	357		
Technology	357	357		
Financial	357	357		
Commodity	357	357		

LONDON		NEW YORK	
January 12	Range	January 12	Openly Prices
U.S.A.	1.0065-1.0015	STG	1.0085-1.0090
Canada	1.3657-1.3615	BFR CON	29.37-29.38
France	6.5077-6.5175	ITL	84.20-84.22
Germany	58.10-58.15	YEN	240.00-240.10
Italy	163.75-163.75	CAN	84.10-84.22
Netherlands	3.9958-3.9958	DMK	16.97-16.98
Spain	3.3605-3.3700	SPR	1.0070-1.0070
Switzerland	8.6800-8.7100	SFR	1.0090-1.0018
W. Germany	3.0000-3.0000	DMK	16.98-16.98
Denmark	1.0125-1.0125	A.S. SCW	1 c/malable
Norway	1.0780-1.0780	DMK	5.1650-5.1675
Sweden	27.00-27.00	DMK	5.1650-5.1650
Portugal	93.80-93.85	PORT	1.0000-1.0000
Greece	59.00-59.00	DMK	29.37-29.37
Japan	363.52-364.81	BFR FIN	29.40-29.45

<b>N.Y. DOLLAR CROSS RATES</b>	
<b>January 11</b>	
Goldster	1.9980
Belgian Franc	25.1900
Deutschmark	1.8532
Hong Kong Dollar	4.2600
French Franc	4.2582
Italian Lire	336.190
Japanese Yen	197.5000
Swiss Franc	1.6633

Spain	16.6667	16.6667
MEXICO	22.50	22.50-22.75
Spain	one month 74-84 disc.	two months 74-84 disc.
	three months 116-108 disc.	six months 204-194 disc.
	twelve months 346-330 disc.	
Canada	one month 31 disc.	two months 31 disc.
	three months 57 prem.	six months 38-38 prem.
	twelve months 99-95 prem.	

<b>LONDON GOLD</b>	
<b>January 12</b>	
3.00 p.m. fix	\$217.40
Previous day	\$216.40
Settlement 9 a.m.	\$216.40

**DOW JONES  
STOCK AVERAGES**

[illegible]

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES				مؤشر الفينيتشال تايمز			
	Jan. 12	Jan. 11	Jan. 10	Jan. 9	Jan. 8	Jan. 5	A year ago
Government Secs. ....	68.09	66.00	68.17	68.49	68.52	68.32	77.25
Fixed Interest ....	70.23	70.31	70.42	70.48	70.38	70.29	80.80
Industrial Ordinary ....	474.7	477.5	478.8	482.2	484.4	479.5	479.4
Gold Mines ....	70.5	67.2	126.2	129.8	129.8	129.8	112.4
Gold Mines (Ex-Span) ....	95.2	96.5	96.0	98.1	97.5	97.5	114.2
Ord. Div. Yield ....	6.08	6.06	6.04	6.00	5.98	5.96	6.02
Earnings V 164 (daily) ...	15.96	15.90	15.86	15.78	15.66	15.98	17.17
P/E Ratio (excl. div.) ....	8.14	8.17	8.19	8.25	8.30	8.32	8.32
Debt/eq. market ...	4.113	4.10	4.300	3.576	3.596	4.141	5.266
Equity turnover % ....	...	137.30	142.27	66.02	51.08	53.16	76.83
Equity bargain total ....	...	12.831	11.242	13.345	10.841	10.502	14.857
10 a.m. 474.2    11 a.m. 474.4    Noon 475.1    2 p.m. 476.3    3 p.m. 476.1    4 p.m. 475.8							
Latest Index: 01-230 8026.							
* Based on 52 per cent corporation tax.    @ Nil = 7.93.							
Basis 100 Govt. Secs. 15/10/26.    Fixed Ind. 1928.    Ind. Act. 10/7/35.							
Gold Mines 12/9/55.    Ex-Span mines started June, 1928.    SE Activity July-Dec. 1943.							

**LONDON COMMODITY PRICES** اسعار السلع والمعادن الرئيسية

BASIC MATERIALS		GRAINS	
January	91.15	Wheat	91.15
March	93.10	Yesterday's	91.15
May	95.80	Closing	91.15
September	90.30	Barley	94.30
		Yesterday's	94.30
		Closing	94.30

January 12 Lunchtime Prices

			November .....	93.65	87.29
COCOA	Today's Closing	Previous Closing			
	£ per tonne				
March .....	1911	1910.5			
May .....	1949	1948.5	WHITE SUGAR		
July .....	1969	1965			
September .....	1999	1988		£ per long ton	
December .....	2006	2005	February .....	93.25	93.08

March .....	2015	2005	April .....	96.25	96.75
May .....	2020	2007	July .....	105.50	104.75
			September .....	111.50	112.50
			November .....	118.00	116.00
			February .....	124.50	123.00
			April .....	130.00	127.50

<b>ROBUSTA COFFEE</b>		
	£ per tonne	
January .....	1591	1590
March .....	1336	1335

July	1238	1188
August	1189	1187
September	1150	1147
November	1123	1122
January	1096	1095

**ARABICA COFFEE**

\$ per 50 Kilos

August	UNQ	UNQ
October	UNQ	UNQ
December	UNQ	UNQ
February	UNQ	UNQ
April	UNQ	UNQ
June	UNQ	UNQ
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October .....	UNQ	UNQ		COPPER	July's Closing	Aug's Closing
December .....	UNQ	UNQ			Closing	per ounce
February .....	UNQ	UNQ		Wirebars		
April .....	UNQ	UNQ		Cash .....	\$34.50	\$25.00
June .....	UNQ	UNQ		Three months .....	\$38.00	\$36.50
August .....	UNQ	UNQ		Settlement .....	\$25.00	—
				Cathodes		
RUBBER				Cash .....	\$97.00	\$97.50
	Pence per Kilo					

February .....	57.50	57.40	Tariff indices .....	820.60	820.30
March .....	58.50	57.75	Settlement .....	907.50	907.50
April-June .....	59.75	59.70			
July-September .....	61.95	61.85			
Oct.-December .....	64.10	64.00			
January-March .....	66.35	66.20			
April-June .....	68.60	68.50			
July-September .....	70.85	70.80			
Oct.-December .....	73.10	73.00			

SOYABEAN MEAL	Today's Closing	Today's Closing	High Grade Cash	
	£ per tonne			
February .....	127.38	127.00	6790	6800
April .....	124.98	124.70	6738	6750
June .....	122.80	122.60	6800	—
August .....	123.50	122.50		
October .....	122.00	122.00		

LEAD	
	£ per tonne
Three months .....	6738
Settlement .....	6800

December .....	126.00	120.00	Cash .....	505.00	507.00
January .....	126.00	120.00	Three months .....	456.00	457.00
February .....	126.50	120.00	Settlement .....	507.00	—

RAW SUGAR			ZINC		
		£ per long ton			£ per tonne
Sugar Pref.			Cash .....	359.50	364.00
Conam. Com.					
March .....	103.65	103.00			
May .....	105.20	105.15			

August .....	109.85	108.95	Three months ....	370.50	371.00
October .....	112.26	112.18	Settlement .....	368.00	—
December .....	114.50	114.25			
March .....	119.50	119.00			
May .....	122.50	121.50			

WOOL		SILVER	
Australian Greasy Wool		Cash	Per troy ounce
Pence per Kilo		Three months .....	297.90 298.10
		Settlement .....	305.30 305.90

July .....	—	—	Settlement .....	298.10	—
July .....	—	—			
October .....	—	—			
December .....	—	—			
March .....	—	—			
May .....	—	—			
July .....	—	—			
October .....	—	—			

			<b>ALUMINIUM</b>		
				£ per tonne	
			Cash .....	639.50	639.50
			Three months .....	628.50	629.00
			Settlement .....	636.50	—

## INTEREST RATES

### أسعار فوائد العملات الأوروبية

	Dutch Guilder	Swiss Franc	W. German Mark	French Franc	Italian Lira	Asian Dollar	Japanese Yen
3	8.8%	par%	2 156/32-1/16	6 1/4%	6-9		-8 1/2-10 1/2
6	8.8%	par%	2 156/32-3/16	7 1/2%	8-10	10 3/16-10 5/16	-8 1/2-10 1/2
12	9.0%	par%	3 116/32-2/16	8 1/2%	10-11	10 1/2-10 3/4	11 1/2-12 1/2
18	9 1/4%	par%	3 1/16	8 3/4%	12-13	11 1/2-11 3/4	9 7/8-11 1/2
24	9 1/2%	par%	3 116/32-1/16	9 1/4%	15-16	12 1/2-12 3/4	11 1/2-11 3/4
36	9 3/4%	par%	3 156/32-1/16	9 1/2%	17-18 1/2	13 1/4-13 1/2	12 1/2-13 1/4

U.S. dollar certificates of deposit: One month 10.55-10.65 per cent; three months 11.15-11.25 per cent; six months 11 1/2-11 3/4 per cent; nine months 11 3/4-11 7/8 per cent; one year 12 1/4-12 1/2 per cent; two years 13 1/4-13 1/2 per cent; three years 14 1/4-14 1/2 per cent; four years 15 1/4-15 1/2 per cent; five years 16 1/4-16 1/2 per cent; ten years 17 1/4-17 1/2 per cent. U.S. dollars and Canadian dollars; two days' notice for payments and Swiss francs. Asian rates are climbing rates in London.

B.C.

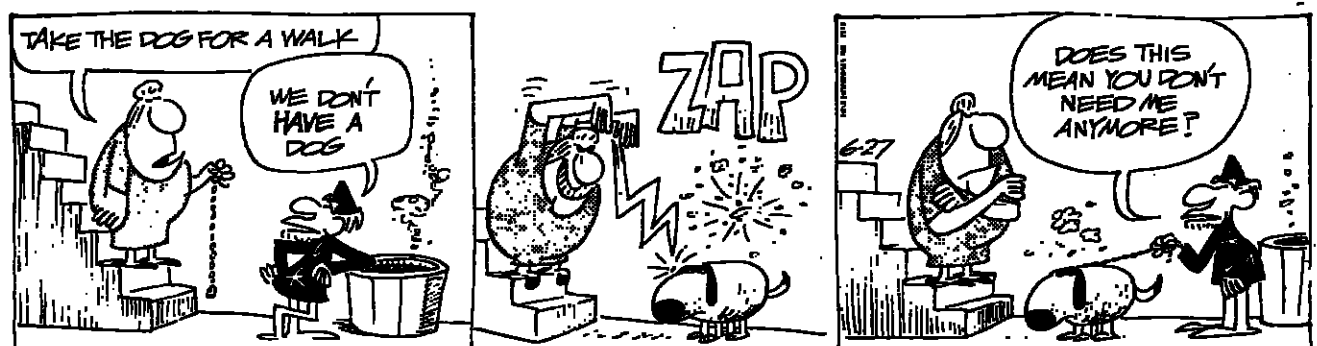
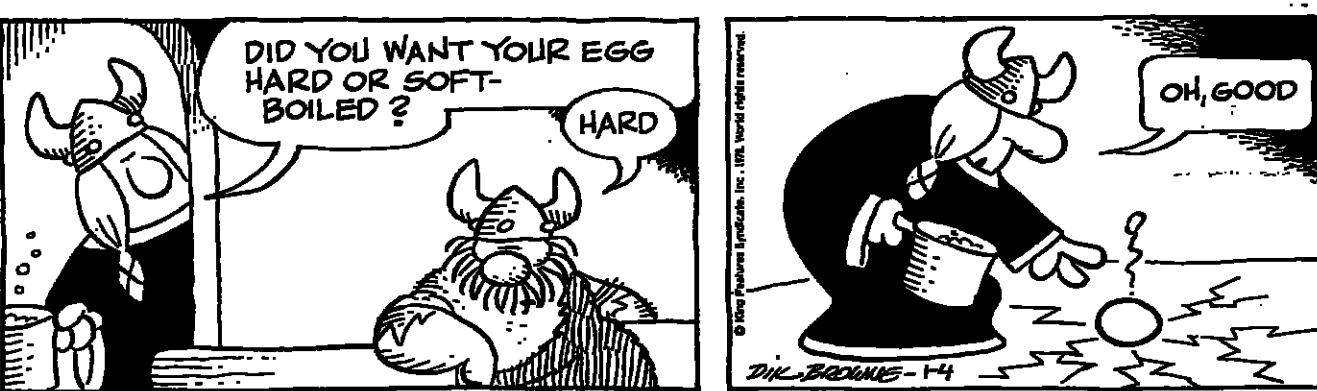
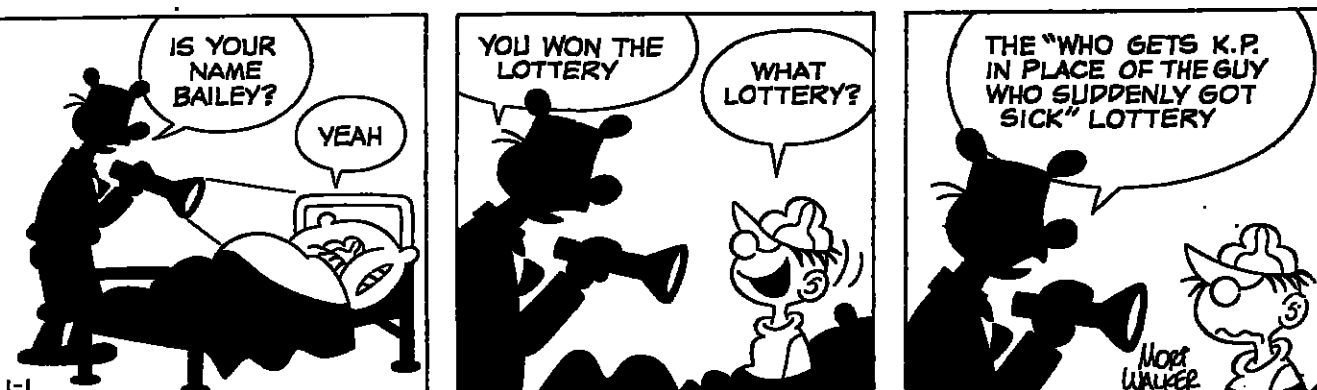
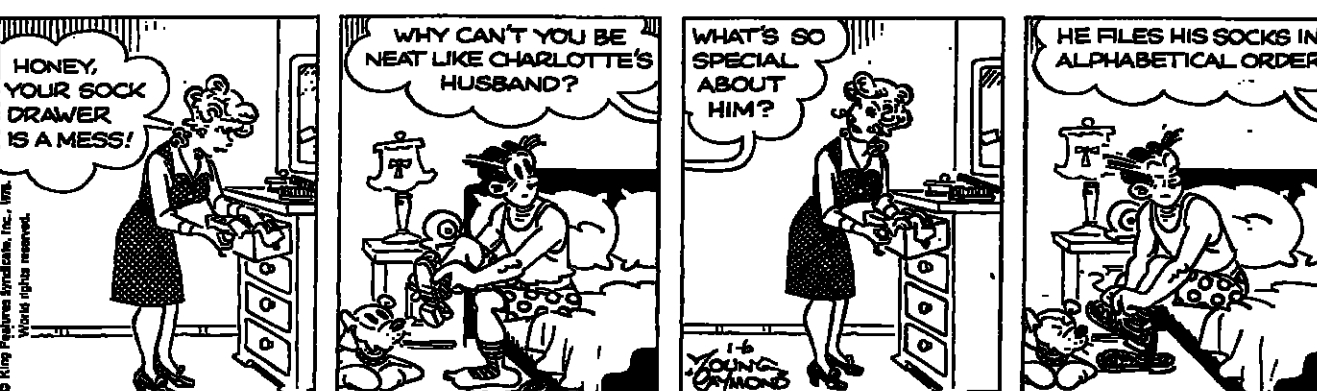
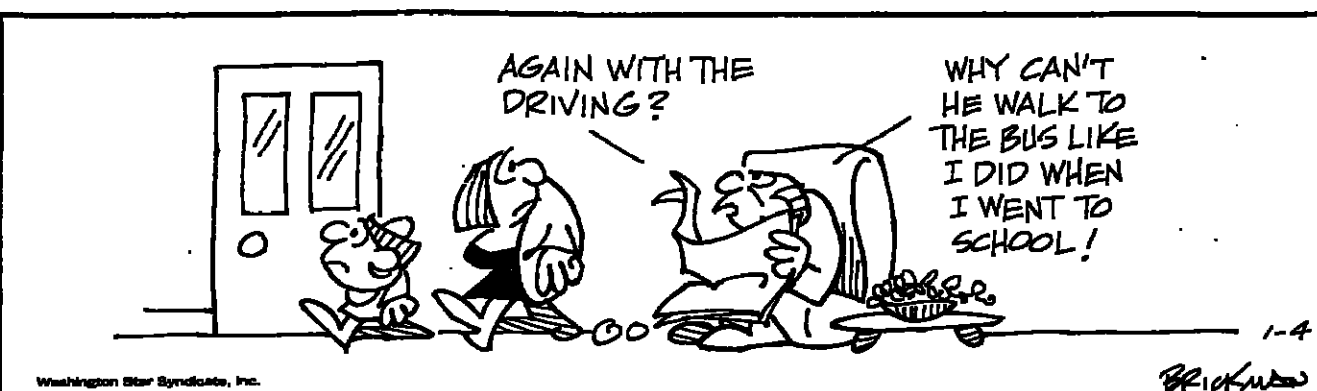
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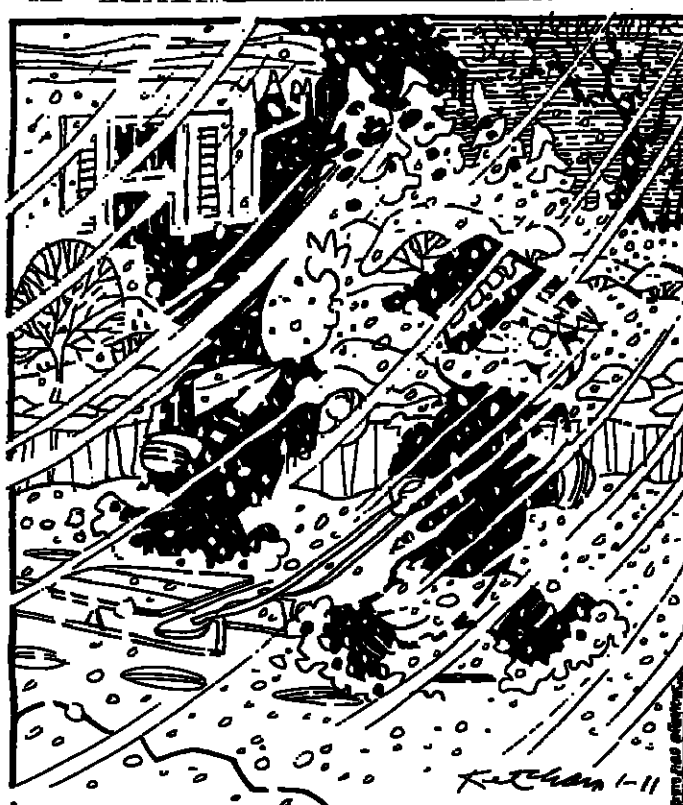
BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD



# Dennis the Menace



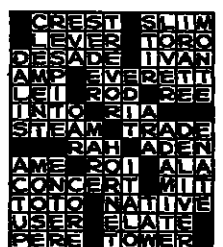
"INSTEAD OF COMPLAINING ABOUT THE WEATHER, PEOPLE OUGHTA GET OUT AND ENJOY!"

## CROSSWORD PUZZLE

### Crossword

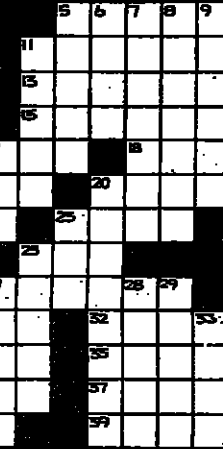
by THOMAS JOSEPH

- ACROSS  
1 Cookie  
2 Tossed item  
3 Nervous  
4 Sassy  
5 Eaten's grandson  
6 Uppity  
7 Male figure  
8 Flower cluster  
9 Ruler  
10 "— proposes  
11 But God...  
12 Malicious  
13 Laid  
14 Carry  
15 Sensible  
16 Rumble  
17 Common verb  
18 Coach of the Oakland Raiders  
19 Drugstore cowboy's hangout  
20 Spins of boxing  
21 "Lo, the...  
22 French river  
23 Task  
24 In our time  
25 Exploit
- DOWN  
1 Organ feature  
2 Vagabond  
3 Wide open  
4 Dependent  
5 Cebu VIP  
6 Seafood sauce  
7 Football stalwarts  
8 Living  
9 Tolerable  
10 Boxwood-yielding tree  
11 "The Belle" poet  
12 Rent collector  
13 Canadian city  
14 Fished  
15 Singer  
16 Turf  
17 Bigot



Yesterday's Answer

- 25 Knits  
26 Full of substance  
27 Weird  
28 For the...  
29 Singer  
30 Sincere  
31 Indignance



DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE — Here's how to work it: AXYELBAAXE is LONGFELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES  
IBTBIANEP ZMDI VIBCVYBEV  
MQ VXB YCE ZMD XCTS UIMEPBB  
NA FBVBVI VICE CAGNEP INA  
QMIPNTBESAA — KDFFCIE  
Yesterday's Cryptquote: A FAMILY WILL BOLD TOGETHER ACROSS THE YEARS IF EACH MEMBER REFRAINS FROM POINTING THE ACCUSING FINGER. — JOEL MILLER

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## Contract Bridge

B. Jay Becker

### Bidding Quiz

You are South, both sides vulnerable, and North opens One Diamond over which East bids One Spade. What would you bid now with each of the following five hands?

1. ♠AQ6 ♥872 ♦983 ♣9754  
2. ♠Q94 ♥AJ8 ♦AQ7 ♣Q87  
3. ♠KJ852 ♥97 ♦84 ♣Q83  
4. ♠QJ8 ♥10 ♦AK82 ♣AQJ5  
5. ♠J7 ♥982 ♦AJ87 ♣AQ96

1. Pass. You presumably would have responded one notrump had East passed, but you are relieved of this obligation after East intervenes with one spade. The temptation to bid one notrump to show your spade strength should be firmly resisted, since such a bid, voluntarily offered, indicates 8 to 10 points rather than only 6.

2. Two notrump. The requirements for a jump response of two notrump — a well-balanced hand with 13 to 15 points are the same whether there is an intervening bid or not. True, your spade stopper is skimpy, but this blemish on the horizon does not nullify the great descriptive advantage to be gained by bidding two notrump.

3. Pass. Of course, there is a strong temptation to double, but this would be the wrong thing to do. Whenever you double for penalties after partner opens the bidding, you are encouraging partner to double anything else the opponents bid — and here you are not at all prepared for such a development. Furthermore, though it's unlikely that East can make one spade, it is even more unlikely that both West and North would pass if you doubled, since one or the other is sure to have a singleton or void in spades.

4. Three clubs. The best way to identify your slam possibilities is to jump-shift in clubs. This shows at least 17 points, a club suit and 5 distributional values. By bidding clubs now and raising diamonds later, you imply shortages in either spades or hearts, possibly both. Once you jump-shift and then support diamonds, you should leave the rest to partner.

5. Two clubs. Here you must deal with the fairly common situation that arises when your values are too good for two diamonds and not good enough for a (forcing) raise to three diamonds. You can, if you wish, appraise your values at about two-and-a-half diamonds.

The most usual way of trying to resolve this dilemma is to first bid a new suit, thus compelling partner to bid again. You plan later on to raise diamonds and in that way encourage North to continue the bidding. At the same time, this sequence allows partner to pass and get off the hook if he started the proceedings with a minimum opening bid.

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## ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

### PRAYER TIMES

TUESDAY	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:43	7:07	12:37	3:45	6:02	7:33
Medina	5:51	7:12	12:39	3:42	5:59	7:29
Nejd	5:15	6:41	12:05	3:09	5:26	6:56

### DHAHRAN TV

5:30 Children's Show	Top Cat: King for a Day
6:09 W. World of Sports	IROC No. 2: International Race
7:10 Smoking Spot	Light Me, Harry
7:11 That's My Mama	Clifton and the Kid
7:37 Charlie's Angels	Dirty Business
8:24 Best Seekers	Wheels, Part 5

### WEATHER

The weather will improve during the day in the Western Province where winds will be northwesterly at moderate speed, gaining in velocity occasionally. Cloud and rain will however prevail in the Northern Province, parts of the Central Province and the western highlands.

Active southerly winds will blow in the southern and central provinces causing sand storms and reducing visibility. Sea conditions in territorial waters will be choppy in the Red Sea and moderate in the Gulf.

Monday's temperature (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	30	21	Taif	22	13
Jeddah	30	22	Tabuk	23	10
Riyadh	24	09	Toraiif	19	02
Dhahran	24	09	Bisha	23	05
Medina	20	10	Yanbu	29	19
Hail	21	07	Abha	16	07

## SAUDI RADIO

Afternoon Transmission	Evening Transmission
1:00 Opening	10:00 Opening
1:01 The Holy Quran	10:01 The Holy Quran
1:03 Gems of Guidance	10:05 Message to the Faithful
1:04 S.A. — A Daily Chronicle	10:10 Light Music
1:05 S.A. Historical Notes	10:15 NEWS
1:06 Off the Record	10:25 S.A. — A Daily Chronicle
1:07 Your Choice	10:30 Music Worldwide
1:08 On Islam	11:00 Champions of Solidarity
1:09 Islam the Divine Truth	11:10 Press Review
1:10 Music	11:15 The Sixties
1:11 NEWS	11:45 The World of guitar
1:12 Press Review	12:00 Islamic Contributions
1:13 Music	12:15 The Songwriters
1:14 My Music	12:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams
3:50 Close Down	12:59 Close Down

### VOA

P.M.	News Summary
8:00 News Roundup	8:30 VOA Magazine
Reports: Actualities	America: Science
Opinion: Analysis	Cultural: Letter
8:30 Deadline	11:00 Special English
News Summary	11:30 Music USA
Special English	(Jazz)
News: Feature, The Making of a Nation	VOA WORLD REPORT
News Summary	12:00 News... newsmakers' voices... correspondents' reports... background features... media comments... news analyses
9:30 Music USA	
(Standards)	
10:00 News Roundup	
Reports: Actualities	
Opinion: Analysis	

## BBC

Morning Transmission	4.30 The Pleasure's Yours
8.00 World News	5.15 Report on Religion
8.09 Twenty-Four Hours	6.00 Radio Newsweek
News Summary	6.15 Outlook
8.30 Sarah Ward	7.00 World News
8.45 World Today	7.09 Commentary
9.00 Newsweek	7.15 "Sherlock Holmes"
9.30 Opera Star	7.48 World Today
10.00 World News	8.00 World News
10.09 Twenty-Four Hours	8.09 "Books and Writers"
News Summary	8.30 "Take One"
10.30 Sarah Ward	8.45 Sports Round-up
10.45 "Something to Show You"	9.00 World News
11.00 World News	9.09 News about Britain
11.09 Reflections	9.15 Radio Newsweek
11.15 Piano Style	9.30 Farming World
11.30 Brain of Britain 1978	10.00 Outlook News Summary
12.00 World News	10.39 Stock Market Report
12.09 British Press Review	10.43 Look Ahead
12.15 World Today	10.45 Ulster in Focus
12.30 Financial News	11.00 World News
12.40 Look Ahead	11.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary
12.45 The Tony Myatt Request Show	11.30 The Pleasure's Yours
Evening Transmission	Midnight Transmission
1.15 Ulster in Focus	12.15 Talkabout
1.30 Discovery	12.45 Nature
2.00 World News	Notebook
2.09 News about Britain	1.00 World News
2.15 Alphabet of Musical Curies	1.09 World Today
2.30 Sports International	1.25 Financial News
2.40 Radio Newsweek	1.35 Book Choice
2.45 Promenade Concert	1.49 Reflections
3.45 Sports Round-up	1.49 Sports Round-up
4.00 World News	2.00 World News
4.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary	2.09 Commentary
	2.15 The Pace of England

## Your Individual Horoscope

FOR TUESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1978

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

**ARIES** (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) ♈  
Be a jack-of-all-trades now, handling the minor responsibilities that will crop up in various departments of life. Accept flexibility.

**TAURUS** (Apr. 20 to May 20) ♉  
Romantic thoughts permeate your moods today, but it may be hard to rouse a spark of interest from others at the present time.

**GEMINI** (May 21 to June 20) ♊  
Except for a few small items, you'll probably not find what you're looking for when shopping. A day for puttering around the house.

**CANCER** (June 21 to July 21) ♋  
Fluctuating moods may make it difficult to follow through on a plan. Your thoughts may wander from one thing to another.

**LEO** (July 22 to Aug. 22) ♌  
Displeasure over your own finances may darken your mood for a spell. Then the situation brightens when you purchase a small item for yourself.

**VIRGO** (Aug. 23 to Sept. 22) ♍  
A day of inactivity which you'll brighten up by spending some time by yourself. What you're looking for now comes from within.

**LIBRA** (Sept. 23 to Oct. 23) ♎  
Along with your thoughts, you'll review both the good and bad of recent developments. By day's end you'll feel pleased with yourself.

**SCORPIO** (Oct. 24 to Nov. 21) ♏  
You may resent a friend's intrusion on your privacy, but once out among others, you'll find the day better than your expectations.

**SAGITTARIUS** (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) ♐  
A business associate's abrupt behavior may turn you off, but it's nothing to get concerned about. Matters at a distance affect business dealings.

**CAPRICORN** (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) ♑  
You're in the mood for cultural activities, but the affairs of business keep your mind on more mundane matters. Financial gain is possible.

**AQUARIUS** (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) ♒  
Not by for wheeling and dealing, though moderate financial opportunities should be capitalized on. Go along with the ideas of a close ally.

**PISCES** (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) ♓  
Even with your support, a partner or close friend may not accomplish as much as anticipated. Be content to help out in small ways.

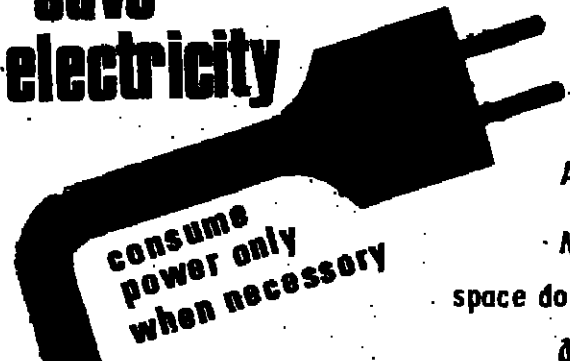


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PAGE 14

## Late News

## New Cambodian regime launches diplomatic drive

**BANGKOK, Jan. 15 (Agencies)** — The new pro-Vietnamese administration in Cambodia Monday stepped up a diplomatic offensive against the government of ousted Prime Minister Pol Pot as its military attack came within earshot of the Thai border.

The Hanoi-backed Cambodian People's Revolutionary Council of Heng Samrin sent a letter to the chairman of the United Nations Security Council saying any meeting on the Cambodian problem held without its voice would be a violation of the country's sovereignty.

Hanoi's radio and news agency also issued a statement by the new Phnom Penh administration's foreign ministry saying the Security Council's debate on charges of Vietnamese aggression in Cambodia would damage the U.N. body's prestige.

At the U.N., a nonaligned resolution calling for the withdrawal of "all foreign forces" from Cambodia was submitted to the Security Council Monday in its debate on a Cambodian complaint of Vietnamese aggression.

The resolution, which did not name any country as hav-

ing "foreign forces" in Cambodia, was expected to get a larger vote than a pending Chinese resolution that "strongly condemns" Vietnam for aggression against Cambodia and calls for its withdrawal.

One key council delegate predicted that the council would vote on the new resolution before the day was out. He said he understood that China had accepted it as the "bare minimum" needed to fix the situation.

He predicted that the vote would be 13-2 with the Soviet Union vetoing it and Czechoslovakia also voting in the negative.

But a nonaligned ambassador said that when consulted by the sponsors, the Soviet Union had declined to say how it would vote, and some diplomats said they would not rule out Soviet and Czechoslovak abstentions.

Also in New York Prince Norodom Sihanouk, the 56-year-old ousted ruler of Cambodia, was reported in satisfactory condition Monday at a Manhattan hospital suffering "extreme stress and exhaustion."

## Iraq to supply Syria with oil, minister says

**BAGHDAD, Jan. 15 (R)** — Planning Minister Adnan Hussein, a member of the Revolutionary Council, was quoted as saying Iraq would start pumping oil to Syria before the end of this month.

The Iraq News Agency quoted him as saying in an interview with "Al-Thawra" newspaper, mouthpiece of the ruling Baath Party, that an agreement had been reached to supply Syria with increasing quantities of oil for internal consumption.

The minister was also quoted as saying that an agreement had been reached on transport revenues in Syria which will

provide profits for both countries.

The agency did not give details about quantities of oil, or transport revenues.

Sunday, Arab diplomatic sources reported Syria and Iraq are planning to merge into a single state under one leader. Together the two countries have 415,000 troops.

One source said, "Unity would be total, with one people under one flag directed from one capital."

Iraq and Syria last October ended 10 years of hostility by signing a charter for political cooperation.

The unification agreement is expected to be signed Jan. 25.

## 3 U.S. skiers die in avalanche

**INNSBRUCK, Jan. 15 (UPI)** — Three American students were killed by an avalanche Monday in a ski instruction class on a slope used by hundreds of skiers. Police identified the three victims as Catherine Resnic, 23, of Stockbridge, Mass.; William Scott Fenlon, 20, of Thomaston, and Long Dennis, 21, of Louisville, Ky. Eyewitnesses said the avalanche roared down on a slope near the mountain station of a cable car leading to the Seegrube, one of the most popular skiing areas above Innsbruck.

## U.K. trade surplus lightens gloom

**LONDON, Jan. 15 (R)** — Britain Monday announced one piece of good news amid its widespread strikes and struggles over pay policy—a visible balance of payment surplus for last month of 126 million sterling (\$250 million). This compares with a deficit in November of 186 million sterling (\$370 million). It meant that after such items as shipping and tourism were added to the visible trade surplus, Britain had an overall current account surplus in December of 246 million sterling (\$489 million).

## U.K. heart recipient said well

**PAPWORTH St. Agnes, England, Jan. 15 (AP)** — A 44-year-old heating engineer has become Britain's first heart transplant recipient in six years, doctors here revealed Monday. The patient, Charles McHugh, of Croydon, south of London, was reported in good condition after receiving the heart of an unidentified adult male in a seven-hour operation at Papworth Hospital on Sunday. McHugh's sister, Mrs. Rose Towse, a nurse said, "The doctors say he is stable and his new heart is beating well."



PEACE NOW: Israel's fledgling peace movement, Peace Now, pickets outside Prime Minister Begin's home Saturday to demand Israeli government opposition to further Jewish settlement attempts in the occupied territories while peace negotiations are in progress. Signs read: "When settlements blossom, peace withers," "Peace is better than the whole land of Israel." — (AP photo)

## Over majority rule

## Smith soothes white anxieties

**CENTENARY, Rhodesia, Jan. 15 (UPI)** — Prime Minister Ian Smith Monday visited the community where the war started six years ago and told pistol-packing farmers that he has contingency plans to thwart any black attempt to violate constitutional guarantees to whites after a transfer to black rule. (see story page four)

But Smith refused to disclose his alleged plans, saying security matters should not be discussed in public.

The prime minister's address was part of his campaign to get the white minority to vote for the Jan. 30 referendum on the draft majority rule constitution he worked out with three black leaders.

The Patriotic Front guerrilla alliance has refused the internal majority rule agreement reached by Smith and the three black politicians. The war has escalated dramatically since it was signed in March.

Smith, delivering the same speech he has used on other such occasions, said there

would not be majority rule if he had his way but even Rhodesia's friends abroad, including South Africa—the only country that openly violates U.N. trade sanctions against Rhodesia—insists on it.

He said the internal accord provides the best chance of forcing the governments of the United States and Britain to recognize Rhodesia and lift trade sanctions.

"At last there's light at the end of the tunnel, lighter than it's been for a long time," he said.

He said foreign recognition is the principle objective be-

cause, he contended, it would provide political pressure on the guerrillas to stop the violence. But "I cannot guarantee we are going to get this thing called recognition," he said.

Smith stressed the draft constitution provides for whites to exert control over the major institutions including the leadership of the post-war transfer army.

"I believe we have tied this one up very effectively," he said. Smith said if the first majority rule government has 20 men, five of the ministers will be whites.

## Lackluster England fails to break Northern NSW

**NEWCASTLE, Australia, Jan. 15 (AP)** — Northern New South Wales took the upper hand in its match against England when it held a 205 run lead with five second innings wickets in hand at Newcastle Sports Ground Monday.

A batting collapse and a fractured cheekbone suffered by wicket keeper Roger Torchard was the bad news for England.

Starting the day at one for 47 chasing the Northern NSW first innings score of 223, England was dismissed for 163.

A 50-run 10th wicket partnership by John Lever and John Embury in 41 minutes gave the touring side some hope of victory, but it lost the advantage when the Northern NSW batsmen again got on top of their bowling to be five for five when stumps were drawn.

Northern NSW lost two wickets with the addition of only

one run in the final five minutes of play when Chris Beatty, its top scorer in the first innings, was caught by substitute keeper Graham Gooch off Lever for 12.

Then night watchman John Hill failed to survive the final overhand, bowled for a duck—by Edmonds on the last ball of the day.

Lever had gained the early breakthrough and dismissed opener Jim Hogg for four and John Gardner for eight with Northern NSW only 18.

## Hussein visits Syria today

**AMMAN, Jan. 15 (AP)** — King Hussein of Jordan will arrive in Damascus Tuesday on a one day state visit for talks on current Middle East developments with Syrian President Hafez Assad, the Royal Palace announced.

## From page one

### Shah

a warning on the consequences of any large scale disturbances after the monarch's departure.

He told reporters: "Neither the armed forces nor the people would survive a confrontation after his majesty departs."

The anti-Shah movement, led by exiled religious leader Ayatollah Khomeini, is expected to step up its street demonstrations in an attempt to force the monarch to quit the country for good.

Khomeini, who is living in exile near Paris, has already announced the formation of an Islamic Revolutionary Council to pave the way for a new constitution and an "Islamic Republic."

Asked about the chances of a military coup, feared by many as a possible reaction by exasperated officers loyal to the monarch Qarabaghi said: "I don't think so."

Senior officers are known to be worried about the loyalty

of conscript troops. Some have been reported by the opposition to have deserted and others have shown themselves likely to join anti-Shah protesters.

The Shah will be leaving immediately after Bakhtiari's government receives an expected confidence vote in the lower house of parliament, the Majlis, Tuesday.

The senate, the upper house, Monday held a special session two days ahead of schedule and rushed through an easy confidence vote in favor of the government.

In continuing unrest Monday, three policemen were killed in the northwestern city of Tabriz, the official radio said.

One of the dead men was a major, the radio said. Informant sources said he was shot outside his home.

The sources said the attackers left behind a note saying the major had been punished for "committing many crimes against the people."

In the southeast city of Kerman an American construction company executive was murdered at his home Monday.

The Tehran evening newspaper "Kayhan" said the victim had been stabbed with a kitchen knife by his assailants, who scribbled the slogan "go back home" on a wall before making their escape.

### PNC

plans here Monday amid reports that the two countries were planning to merge into a single state.

A high-powered Iraqi delegation arrived in Damascus unannounced from Baghdad as Syria maintained official silence about the projected merger, disclosed by Arab diplomatic sources here Sunday.

The official Syrian News Agency (Sana) said the two foreign ministers reviewed intensive discussions which have taken place over the past month on political, military and economic union.

## Leonard Woodcock nominated as U.S. ambassador to Peking

**WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 (AP)** — President Carter announced Monday he is nominating Leonard Woodcock, former president of the United Auto Workers' Union, to be the first American ambassador to the People's Republic of China.

Woodcock has served as head of the United States Liaison Office in Peking since June 1977. He played an important role in negotiating the agreement that led to American diplomatic recognition of China, so the appointment was not unexpected.

Woodcock, 67, will be accompanying Chinese Vice-Premier Teng Hsiao-ping when Teng visits the United States.

The White House said Sunday Teng will visit Atlanta, Houston and Seattle in addition to Washington, D.C., during his trip to the United States.

The vice premier will arrive in Washington Jan. 28. His formal state visit will run from Jan. 29-31. The White House released Teng's schedule during President Carter's visit to Atlanta in connection with the celebration of the 50th anniversary of Martin Luther



Teng Hsiao-ping and his old adversary, the late Chairman Mao.

King Jr.'s birthday (see story page five).

Teng will visit Atlanta in Carter's home state of Georgia Feb. 1-2, Houston, Texas, Feb. 2-3 and Seattle, Feb. 4-5.

Teng is scheduled to leave Seattle Feb. 5 to fly home to China.

The United States and China established full diplomatic relations after decades of enmity on Jan. 1 with Carter personally inviting Teng to

visit the United States

Japanese news dispatch from Peking quoted Teng saying that, although Taiwan may retain its army and own prosperous economy, must give up its name if it is to rejoin China.

Teng told a visit Japanese legislators' delegation in the Great Hall of People that Peking will continue to urge leaders of the land nation to accept Chinese conditions for unification.

## French virtually shut border

## Tension grows in Basque region

**HENDAYE, France, Jan. 15 (Agencies)** — French border police in the Basque region of southwestern France began turning back nearly all Spaniards Monday, apparently because of tension arising from the attack on a Spanish Basque separatist leader in France.

The only Spaniards allowed to cross were holders of French work permits and mothers accompanying their children to schools in the French Basque country.

Officials declined to give the reason for the border closure or say how long it would be in force, but it was assumed

French authorities wanted to avoid further violence.

Saturday, Jose Manuel Pagaaga, 34, a leader of ETA, was shot and critically wounded by assailants who waited for him in a van outside his home in St. Jean de Luz.

Each of the border points in the area has been reinforced by two bus loads of riot police. Other units of the riot forces have also been patrolling the streets at night in St. Jean de Luz.

Earlier Monday in Bilbao, a Spanish paramilitary Civil Guard barracks was machine gunned from a passing car, but no one was injured, police said.

Three petrol bombs were also hurled at the building without causing serious damage.

Sunday night demonstrations in the northern Spanish Basque country spread to the town of Mondragon where Civil Guards fired rubber bullets and smoke bombs to break up hundreds of protesters.

In the provincial capital, San Sebastian, police arrested about 1,000 nuclear demonstrators who barricaded streets with gas and building material. O youth was seriously injured in the clashes, hospital sources said.

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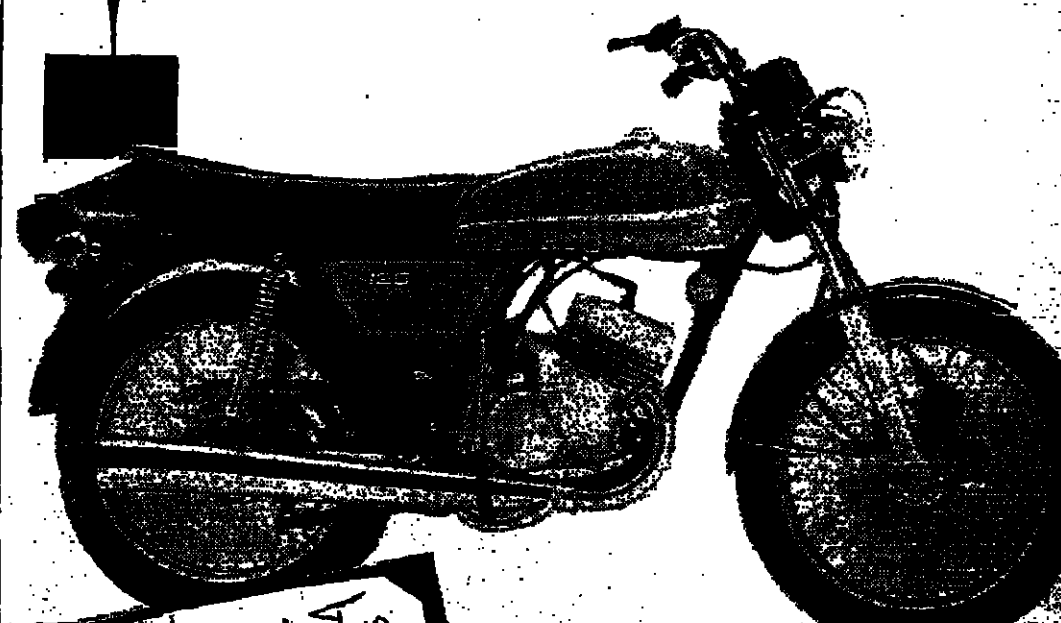
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